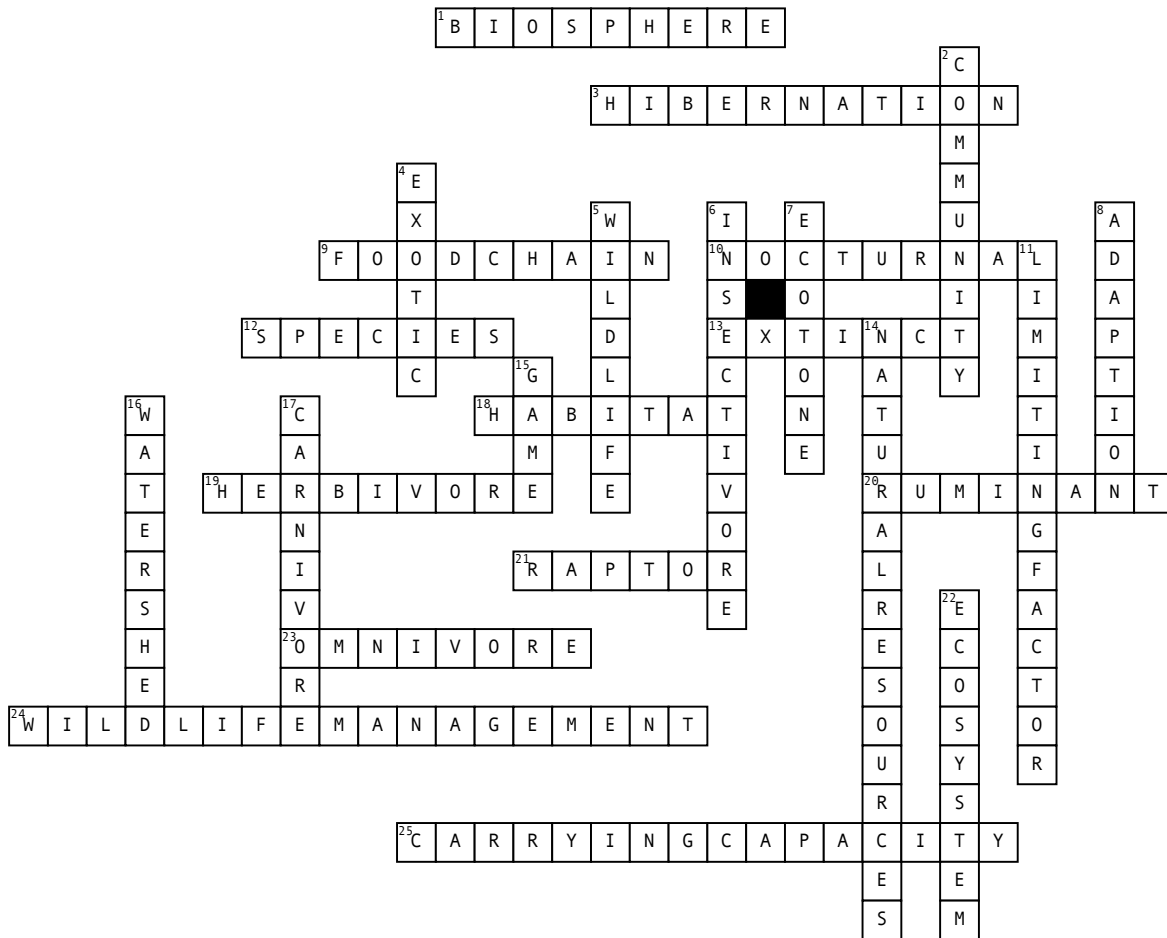


# Wildlife Management



## Across

1. the regions of the surface, atmosphere, and hydrosphere of the earth occupied by living organisms.
3. the condition or period of an animal or plant spending the winter in a dormant state.
9. a hierarchical series of organisms each dependent on the next as a source of food.
10. active at night.
12. a group of living organisms consisting of similar individuals capable of exchanging genes or interbreeding.
13. species no longer having members.
18. the natural name or environment of an animal, plant, or other organism.
19. an animal that feeds on plants.
20. a cud-chewing animal with a complex stomach often divided into four chambers.

21. any predatory bird that has feet with sharp talons or claws adapted for seizing prey and a hooked beak for tearing flesh.

23. an animal or person that eats food of both plant and animals origin.

24. the manipulation of wildlife populations and habitat to achieve a goal.

25. the number of people or things that can be conveyed or held by a vehicle or container.

## Down

2. a group of organisms or a population of different species occupying a particular area.

4. originating in or characteristics of a foreign country.

5. wild animals collectively; the native fauna of a region.

6. an insectivorous animal or plant.

7. a region of transition between two biological communities.

8. a change or the process of change by which an organism or species becomes better suited to its environment.

11. environment conditions that limit the growth, abundance, or distribution of an organism.

14. materials or substance such as minerals, forests, water, and fertile land that occur in nature and can be used for economic gain.

15. wild mammals or birds hunted for sport or food.

16. an area or ridge of land that separates waters flowing to different rivers, basins, or seas.

17. an animal that feeds on flesh.

22. a biological community of interacting organisms and their physical environment.