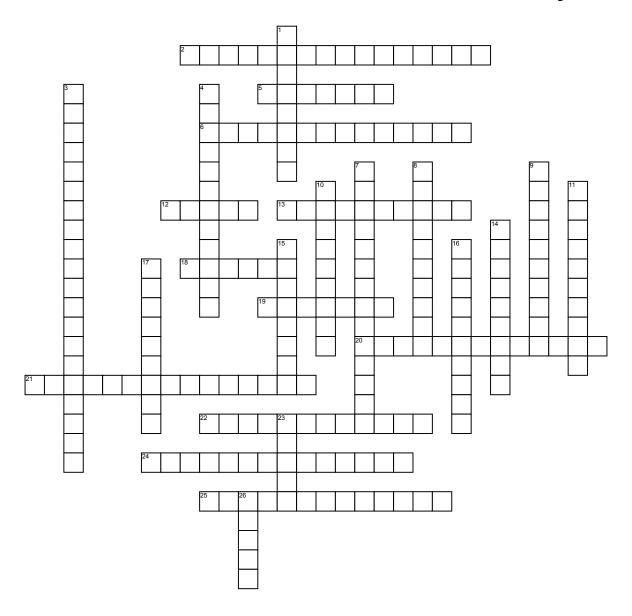
Unit 5 Quadratic Functions Kiana Thymes



Across

- **2.** A formula that is utialized be a quadratic function
- 5. Highest point on a parabola
- **6.** A line that divides a plane figure or graph into two congruent reflected halves
- **12.** A value of x that makes the functions value zero
- **13.** Expressions of the form Ax^2+Bx^2+C
- **18.** X-values of a function
- **19.** Lowest point on a parabola
- 20. And numbers with "I" in them
- **21.** The square root of a negative number; represented at "I"
- **22.** The expression that appears under the square root (radical) sign in the quadratic formula

- **24.** Domain of a quadratic function **25.** A square of a whole number **Down**
- 1. A u shaped graph formed by a quadratic function where all points are equal distant from focus to a directrix 3. (GCF) the largest factor that two or
- more numbers have in common
- **4.** Ax+By=C where A, B, and C are not decimals or fractions A, and B are both not zero and A is not a negative
- **7.** The most basic function of a family of functions, or the original function before a transformation is applied
- 8. Where a graphbcrosses the X-axis
- **9.** A quadratic function in the form y=a(x-h)^2+k, where (h,k) is the vertex of the parabola and x=h is its axis of symmetry

- **10.** The process of changing a sum to a product
- **11.** Where a graph crosses the y-axis
- **14.** A point or value that marks the ends a line on a graph
- **15.** Limitless or endless in space, extent, or size
- **16.** A number that when multiplied by itself equals a given number
- **17.** The number with equal real part and imaginary part equal in magnitude but opposite in sign
- 23. Y-values of a function
- **26.** The solutions to a quadratic equation