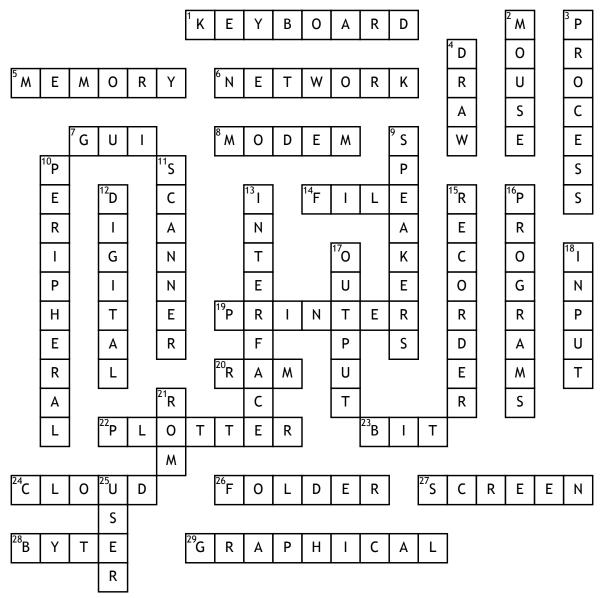
Name:	Date:

## **Computer Terms**



## **Across**

- **1.** A panel of keys that operate a computer or typewriter.
- **5.** Internal storage areas in the computer.
- **6.** Communication channels to facilitate communication.
- 7. The graphical user interface.
- **8.** A combined device for modulation and demodulation.
- 14. A block of arbitrary information.
- **19.** Any device that prints text or illustrations on paper.
- **20.** An acronym for random access memory.
- **22.** A printer that interprets commands from a computer.
- **23.** The smallest unit of data in a computer.

- **24.** A model for delivering information technologicly services.
- **26.** Including related links, information, and terms.
- 27. A flat panel or area on which images and data are displayed.
- 28. A group of eight bits.
- **29.** The result of processed user input. **Down**
- **2.** A small handheld device to move the cursor on a computer screen.
- **3.** An instance of a program running in a computer.
- **4.** A graphics program that enables you to draw pictures.
- **9.** Popular output devices used with computer systems.
- **10.** Any auxiliary device that connects to and works with the computer in some way.

- **11.** A device that captures images from photographic prints.
- **12.** A computer that stores and performs a series of operations.
- **13.** A boundary across which two independent systems meet.
- **15.** The action or process of recording sound or a performance.
- **16.** A collection of instructions that performs a specific task.
- **17.** A place where power or information leaves a system.
- 18. Data put into a computer.
- **21.** Built in computer memory containing data that normally can only be read.
- **25.** A person who uses a computer or network service.