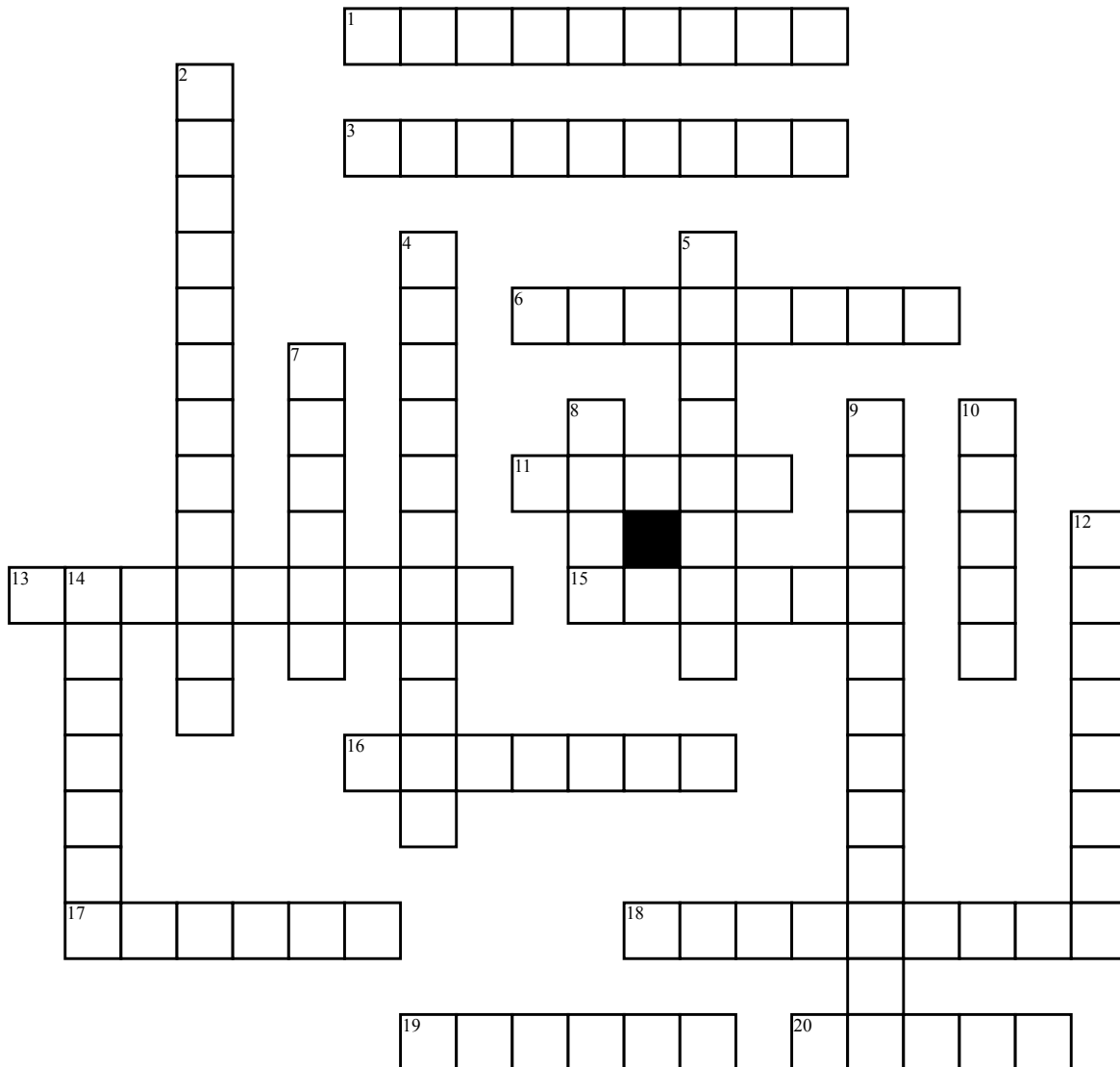


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# first aid



## Across

1. If a spinal injury is suspected it may be necessary to do a \_\_\_\_\_ to open airway.

3. If a choking victim is coughing and trying to clear the airway on their own, do not \_\_\_\_\_ physically.

6. If you have to leave an unconscious victim alone to call EMS, place them in the \_\_\_\_\_ position to ensure airway drainage.

11. If victim is pregnant put a pillow under the \_\_\_\_\_ side of her abdomen.

13. When victim is choking and 5 back blows didn't work move on to 5 \_\_\_\_\_ thrusts.

15. In an unconscious victim the \_\_\_\_\_ is the most common cause of an airway obstruction.

16. If choking victim becomes unconscious always check the mouth for any \_\_\_\_\_ objects before giving rescue breaths.

17. A \_\_\_\_\_ obstruction does not allow air to pass by the object.

18. Land marking for CPR is on the center of the \_\_\_\_\_ line drawn between the nipples.

19. When doing CPR keep elbows \_\_\_\_\_ straight.

20. Compressions squeeze the \_\_\_\_\_ between the breastbone and the backbone.

## Down

2. When doing CPR it's 30 \_\_\_\_\_ to 2 breaths.

4. CPR is a combination of 2 life support techniques, artificial \_\_\_\_\_ and circulation.

5. \_\_\_\_\_ forcefully is a good sign of an airway obstruction.

7. When doing CPR push hard and fast and always let the heart \_\_\_\_\_ fully between compressions.

8. Ensure a good head \_\_\_\_\_ when giving rescue breaths.

9. A victim is \_\_\_\_\_ if there is no verbal answer or movement in response to the squeeze or pinch.

10. If choking victim is too large for you or is pregnant you then perform \_\_\_\_\_ compressions.

12. When you approach a victim always \_\_\_\_\_ yourself.

14. If victim is in water start CPR with 2 rescue \_\_\_\_\_