Chapter 5: Infection Control: Principles & Practices

Across
3. _______ are one-celled microorganisms that have both plant and animal characteristics.
4. _______ are harmful microorganisms that can cause disease or infection in humans when they invade the body.
6. _______ is immunity that the body develops after overcoming a disease, through inoculation, or through exposure to natural allergens such as pollen, cat dander, and ragweed.
8. _______ disinfectants, known as tuberculoidal, are a form of formaldehyde.
10. _______ is a condition by which the body reacts to injury, irritation, or infection by showing redness, heat, pain, and swelling.
13. _______ are colonies of microorganisms that adhere to environmental surfaces, as well as the human body.
15. _______ is the ability of the body to destroy, resist, and recognize infection.
17. Disinfectants must have _______ claims on the label.
19. _______ is the process by which all microbial life is destroyed.
21. When they reach their largest size, they divide into two new cells. This division is called _______.
23. _______ is the ability of the body to destroy, resist, and recognize infection.
25. All disinfectants are inactivated in the presence of many substances. It is _______ to use soap or a detergent first to thoroughly clean the equipment and remove all debris. Never mix detergents with disinfectants and always use in a well-ventilated area.
26. _______ are colonies of microorganisms that adhere to environmental surfaces, as well as the human body.
28. A _______ , such as a pimple or abscess, is confined to a particular part of the body and appears as a lesion containing pus.
30. Properly cleaned implements and tools, free from all visible debris, must be completely _______ in disinfectant solution.

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9. _______ is immunity that the body develops after overcoming a disease, through inoculation, or through exposure to natural allergens such as pollen, cat dander, and ragweed.
11. _______ is a condition by which the body reacts to injury, irritation, or infection by showing redness, heat, pain, and swelling.
12. _______ is a single-cell organism that grows in irregular masses that include molds, mildews, and yeasts?
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Name: ____________________________ Date: ___________________

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2. What organisms that grow, feed, and shelter in or in another organism, while contributing nothing to the survival of that organism?  
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