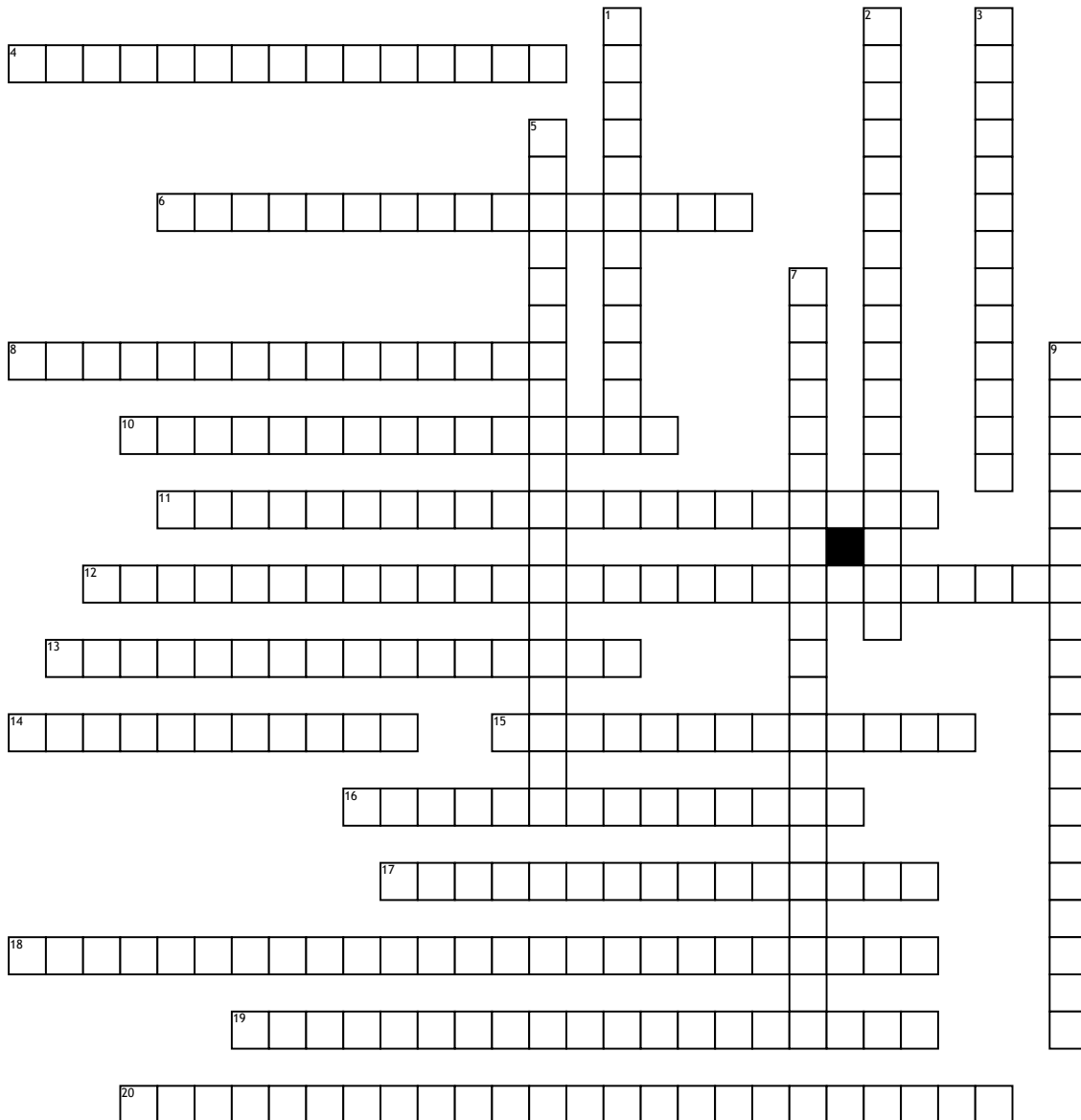


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Industrialization Vocabulary



## Across

4. Supported the Great Strike of 1877 and later organized for the United Mine Workers of America.
6. Established the Standard Oil Company.
8. Built a factory for manufacturing sleepers and other railroad cars on the Illinois prairie.
10. Grew out of the English naturalist Charles Darwin's theory of biological evolution.
11. Companies producing similar products merged.
12. Created by a group of socialists in Chicago, unlike the ARU it included African Americans, but membership never topped 100,000, its only major strike victory occurred in 1912.
13. Became a pioneer on the new industrial frontier when he established the world's first research laboratory in Menlo Park, New Jersey.

14. Successfully used a steam engine to drill for oil near Titusville, Pennsylvania, that removing oil from beneath the surface became practical.
15. Led the Cigar Makers' International Union to join with other craft unions in 1886.
16. Stockholders gave this company a contract to lay tracks two to three times the actual cost—and pocketed the profits.
17. Developed independently by the British manufacturer Henry Bessemer and American ironman William Kelly around 1850, soon became widely used.
18. Focused on collective bargaining, or negotiation between representatives of labor and management, to reach written agreements on wages, hours, and working conditions.
19. Process in which Carnegie bought out his suppliers.
20. Railroad that spanned across the whole country.

## Down

1. Attempted to form an industrial union—the American Railway Union.
2. Invented the typewriter in 1867 and changed the world of work.
3. The Supreme Court upheld the Granger laws by a vote of seven to two.
5. Made it illegal to form a trust that interfered with free trade between state of with other countries.
7. Established the right of the federal government to supervise railroad activities and established a five-member Interstate Commerce Commission for that purpose.
9. Invented the telephone which opened the way that the world communicated.