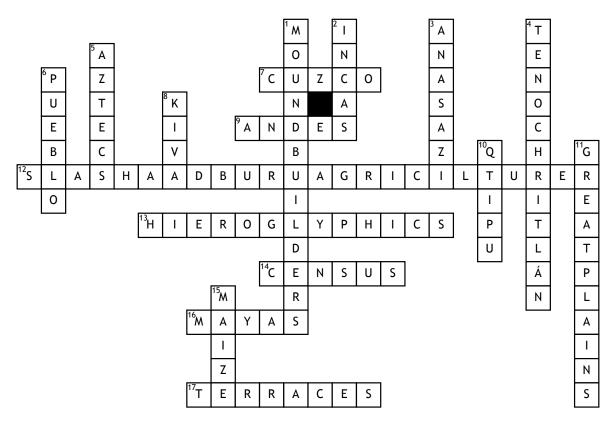
## Early Civilizations of the Americas



## <u>Across</u>

7. \_\_\_\_\_, the Incas' capital city

9. The Incas lived in the

\_\_\_\_\_, a mountain chain tht awinds along the western coast of South America

**12.** Mayan farmers used a technique called \_\_\_\_\_.

**13.** The Mayas created a system of writing using signs and symbols called

**14.** Incan government relied on a \_\_\_\_\_\_to keep track of everyones responsibilities and tax

payments.

**16.** In the Yucatan Peninsula, the \_\_\_\_\_\_ established a great civilization.

**17.** By building \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the steep slopes of the Andes, the Incas increased their

## Down

1. The Mound Builders were Native American groups who lived in eastern North America and built earthen mounds by hand.

2. The \_\_\_\_\_ built Machu Picchu high up in the towering mountains.

**3.** The \_\_\_\_\_ were one of the first Native American peoples of the Southwest.

4. The new Aztec capital, called \_\_\_\_\_\_ was named after one of their 5. The \_\_\_\_\_ believed that their god of war gave them a sign showing them

**6.** A \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a stone and adobe dwelling, often with many stories.

8. A round room called a \_\_\_\_\_ was used for special religious ceremonies.
10. In the Incan culture, information such as births, deaths, and harvests were

11. For centuries, the

\_\_\_\_\_ region was home to diverse groups of Native Americans

**15.** Mayan farmers grew many crops, but \_\_\_\_\_\_ was their most important crop.