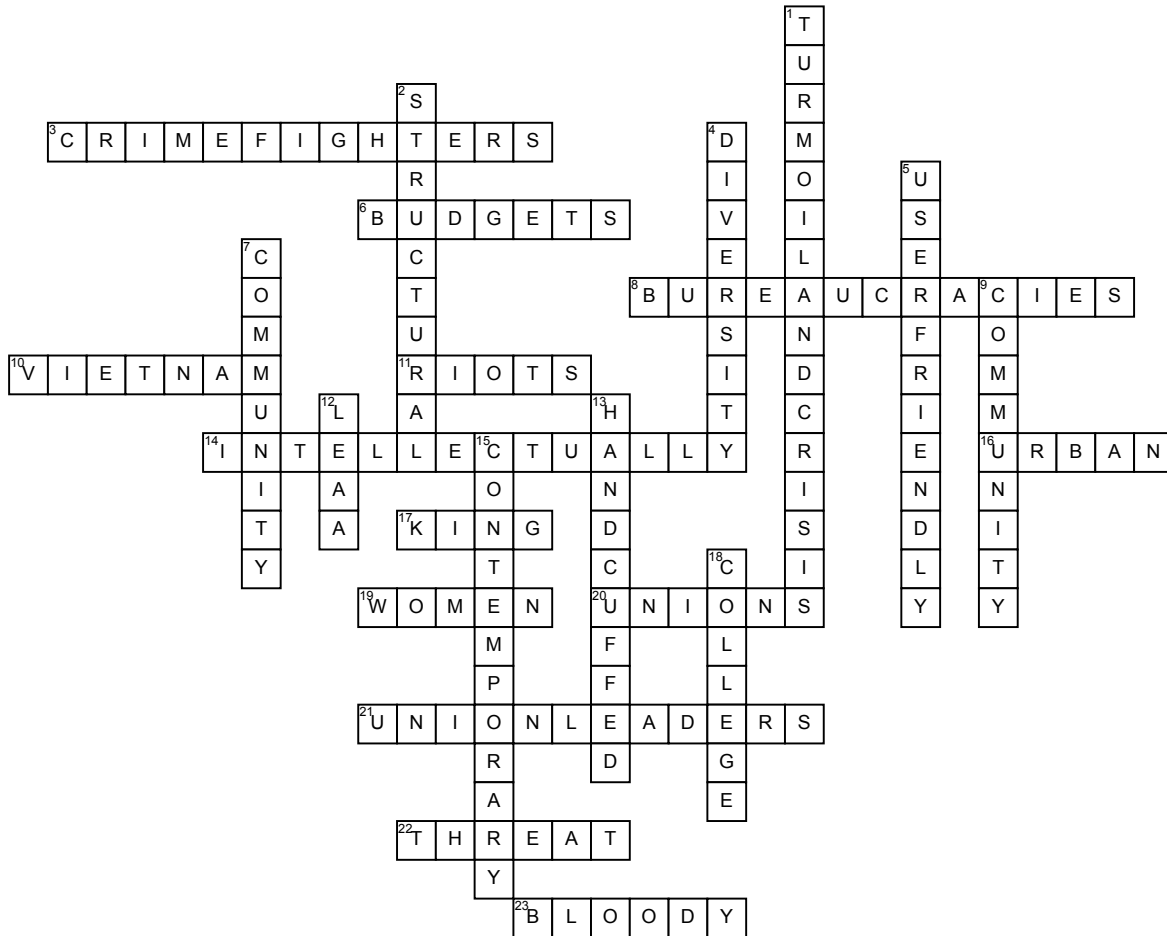


Name: _____

Law Enforcement 1960 - Today



Across

3. Individuals started acknowledging that police were not just _____ and called for police to develop greater awareness of community issues (1980s)

6. State and local _____ were cut (1980s)

8. All but the smallest departments are _____ (Today)

10. The end of the _____ war significantly reduced tension between students and the police (1970s)

11. _____ started breaking out all over the country and they were mostly started by conflict with the police (1960s)

14. Police work became more _____ demanding (1990s)

16. _____ police departments could not control the crime rate (1960s)

17. The _____ case prompted an era of reform (1990s)

19. More _____ started being recruited into police work (1980s)

20. Police _____ were becoming stronger (1960s)

21. Chiefs of police commonly consulted with _____ before making significant decisions about departmental operations (1990s)

22. An emerging minority "_____" is what police departments were encouraged to control (1970s)

23. The 1960s were commonly known for being marked by a number of _____ confrontations with the police and the public

Down

1. Hallmarks of policing during the 1960s
*Hint: (wordandword)

2. The 1970s witnessed many _____ changes in police agencies

4. _____ in the police departments increased (1990s)

5. It has been an ongoing effort to make police more "_____" by decentralizing police departments and making the responsive to community needs (Today)

7. In the 1980s _____ policing began

9. Police departments began to embrace new forms of policing that stressed cooperation with the _____ and problem solving (1990s)

12. _____ devoted a significant portion of its funds to police agencies (1970s)

13. Police complained they were being "_____" by the courts (1960s)

15. _____ law enforcement agencies are still undergoing transformation (Today)

18. The LEAA's Law Enforcement Program helped further the _____ education of thousands of officers (1980s)