Health Science 2 Puzzle

Across
2. These facilities house elderly patients who can no longer live independently because of health or other issues.
6. These facilities are equipped to handle a broad range of medical needs, including emergency and surgical services.
9. Is both a health service and health insurance.
10. The relationships between social and economic elements, also shape health services.
12. Advances in medicine reach the general public through the
14. Or care for the terminally ill, is also often delivered in the home.
15. Controlling symptoms and making the person as comfortable as possible while allowing them to die with dignity.
17. Federal, state, and local governments operate these hospitals.
18. The doctor patients see regularly to maintain overall health, is the leader of the team. These doctors are known as general practitioners, or family doctors.
19. Unlike general hospitals, specialty hospitals limit their practices to a specific age or condition.
20. These professionals acquire more education and skills than a registered nurse and can perform some services generally reserved for doctors.

Down
1. This type of medical facility often is the home to research and educational programs.
3. The study of disease.
4. These health professionals are responsible for filling prescriptions and dispensing medications.
5. Those that do not require a hospital stay.
7. Meaning illnesses that will be fatal.
8. Are the professionals who administer the health care. They all work together to make sure that all aspects of the patient’s health are monitored.
11. Especially among the elderly who are more likely to have health issues.
13. The government also provides insurance for those who cannot afford it.
16. One of the largest government insurance programs is

Word Bank
Government hospitals  nurse practitioners  Specialty hospitals  Medigap
Health care teams primary care physician General hospitals HMO
 Palliative care outpatient procedures Hospice care terminal illnesses
University or College hospitals Pharmacists health care system Medicare
Medicaid Socioeconomics Long-term care facilities Epidemiology