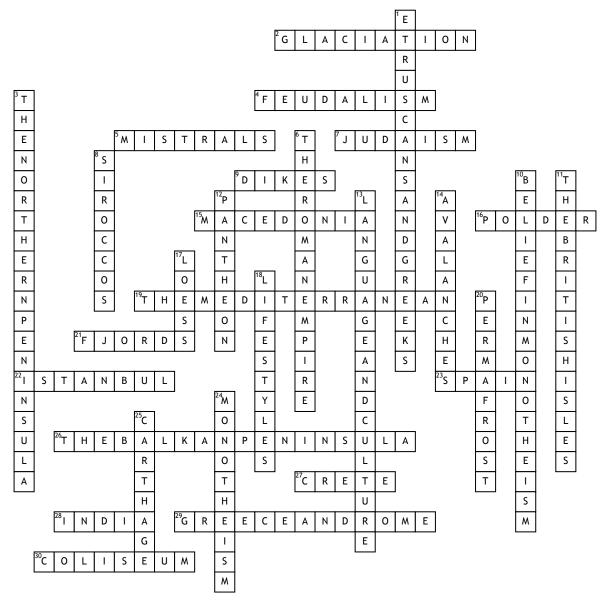
## Unit 3: Geography Crossword Puzzle



## <u>Across</u>

2. Europe's Northwest mountains have some of the world's oldest rock formations, but erosion and \_\_\_\_\_\_ made their peaks low.

**4.** System in which monarchs or lords gave land to nobles in return for pledges of loyalty was known as

**5.** An Alpine wind, occasionally blows bitter cold air into southern France

7. Christianity developed from this other religion

**9.** Large banks of earth and stone that hold back water

**15.** Phillip II, the father of Alexander the Great, was originally from here

**16.** Low-lying area from which seawater has been drained to create new farmland

**19.** An area in which 5 large islands, Sicily, Corsica, Sardinia, Cyprus, and Crete, all have rugged terrain and volcanic mountains.

**21.** Long, steep-sided glacial valley now filled by seawater

**22.** An important city to geography because of its long history spanning the rise and fall of many great empires; largest city in Turkey

**23.** Following the First Punic War, Rome gained this territory from Carthage

 ${\bf 26.}$  A tangle of mountain ranges and valleys in southeastern Europe

27. This was the site of the Minoan civilization28. The great empire of Alexander the Great

extended from Greece and Egypt to the west of **29**. \_\_\_\_\_\_ are the ancient cities that shaped modern European culture.

30. Modern day athletic stadiums were influenced by this Roman structure Down

1. The Roman borrowed heavily in their belief systems, customs, and engineering skills from these two groups of people

**3.** A Scandinavian mountainous place in Northern Europe; Ice age glaciers melted here forming thousands of lakes.

6. Constantinople was the capital of

8. Hot, dry winds from Africa are called10. The Ancient Greeks impacted our modern

world for all but which of the following reasons

11. Primarily Ireland and Great Britain

**12.** Romans constructed the \_\_\_\_\_ in order to worship all of the gods.

**13.** The ancient Greeks formed city-states that were independent, but shared

14. Occasional dry winds can trigger

\_\_\_\_\_, destructive masses of ice, snow and rock sliding down mountain sides.

 ${\bf 17.}$  A fine, rich soil that is carried by the wind is known as this

**18.** The closeness to the sea has affected this of Europeans.

**20.** Permanent frozen layer of soil beneath the surface of the ground

24. The belief in one god

**25.** This was the ancient enemy of Rome that when defeated after the 3rd Punic War allowed Rome to forge a true empire