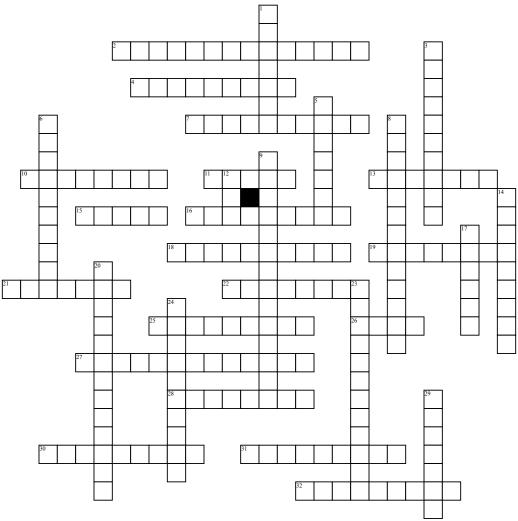
## Life Science



## Across

- 2. The process plants use to make food.
- **4.** The process of breaking down materials into a different form for a new use.
- **7.** A physical feature or behavior that helps an organism survive in its habitat.
- 10. An organism that eats living things to get energy.
- 11. To break down into simpler materials.
- 13. The place where an organism lives.
- 15. The role a plant or an animal plays in its habitat.
- 16. An animal that feeds on the remains of dead animals.
- **18.** An animal such as an insect or bird, that helps plants make seeds by moving pollen from one part of the plant to another.
- 19. An animal that eats both plants and other animals.
- 21. A group of organisms that produce organisms of one kind

- 22. Any organism that makes its own food.
- 25. An animal that only eats plants.
- 26. An animal that is hunted for food by a predator.
- **27.** A tiny living thing that can only be seen with a microscope.
- 28. An animal that hunts other animals for food.
- **30.** All living and nonliving things that exist and interact in one place.
- **31.** All the organisms that live in the same ecosystem and interact with each other.
- 32. An animal that only eats other animals.

## Down

- 1. No longer living
- **3.** All the organisms of the same kind that live in the ecosystems.
- **5.** To move to another region when seasons change and food supplies become scarce.

- **6.** The coloring, marking, or other physical appearance of an animal that helps it blend in with its surroundings.
- 8. The remains of plants and animals.
- 9. A scientist who studies fossils.
- **12.** A major division of geologic time defined by events that took place during that time.
- 14. To go into deep sleep during which an animal uses very little energy and usually does not need to eat.
- 17. The preserved traces and remains of an organism that lived long ago
- **20.** The scattering or carrying away of seeds from the plant that produced them.
- 23. The process of making more of one's own kind.
- **24.** An orgaism that breaks down the remains of dead organisms.
- **29.** An adaptation that allows an animal to protect itself by looking like another kind of animal or like a plant.

## **Word Bank**

Hibernate	Producer	Community	Paleontologist	Decay	Fossil
Scavenger	Omnivore	Camoflauge	Migrate	Adaptation	Carnivore
Extinct	Seed Dispersal	Predator	Mimicry	Prey	Era
Recycling	Microorganism	Photosynthesis	Decomposer	Consumer	Organic Matter
Niche	Population	Habitat			
I	Scavenger Extinct Recycling	Scavenger Omnivore Extinct Seed Dispersal Recycling Microorganism	Scavenger Omnivore Camoflauge Extinct Seed Dispersal Predator Recycling Microorganism Photosynthesis	Scavenger Omnivore Camoflauge Migrate Extinct Seed Dispersal Predator Mimicry Recycling Microorganism Photosynthesis Decomposer	Scavenger Omnivore Camoflauge Migrate Adaptation Extinct Seed Dispersal Predator Mimicry Prey Recycling Microorganism Photosynthesis Decomposer Consumer