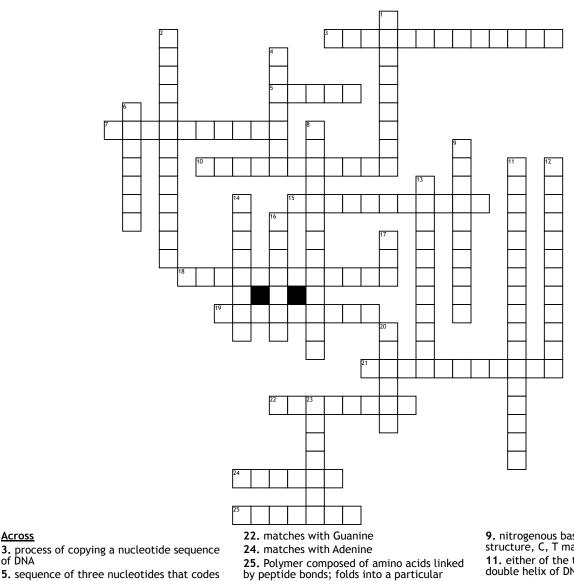
Protein Synthesis



5. sequence of three nucleotides that codes for one amino acid

7. monomer that forms DNA

10. process by which mRNA is decoded and a protein is produced

15. in which two strands wind around one another, to that of a twisted ladder

18. carries genetic information from the nucleus to the cytoplasm

19. molecule that makes up proteins, composed of carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen and sometimes sulfur

21. form of RNA that brings amino acids to ribosomes during protein synthesis

Word Bank

<u>Across</u>

of DNA

Codon Adenine Thymine **DNA** polymerase Cytosine Amino Acid Nucleotide Anticodon Messenger RNA Guanine

structure depending on bonds between amino acids

Down

 sequence of three nucleotides in a tRNA molecule that binds to a complementary mRNA codon during translation

2. enzyme that makes bonds between nucleotides

4. double membrane that acts as the storehouse for most cell's DNA

6. matches with Cytosine

8. enzyme that catalyzes the synthesis of a

complementary strand

Transfer RNA Translation Transcription **Double Helix Ribosomal RNA** 9. nitrogenous base, has one circular ring structure, C, T match with purine

11. either of the two sides that make up a double helix of DNA

12. RNA that is in the ribosome and guides the translation of mRNA into a protein

13. process by which DNA is copied

14. organelle that links amino acids together to form proteins

16. matches Thymine and Uracil

17. molecule that allows for transmission of genetic information and protein synthesis 20. nitrogenous base, has two circular ring structures, A, G match with a pyrimidine 23. matches with Adenine

complementary side	Nucleus
Pyrimidine	RNA
Ribosome	RNA polymerase
Replication	Uracil
Purine	Protein