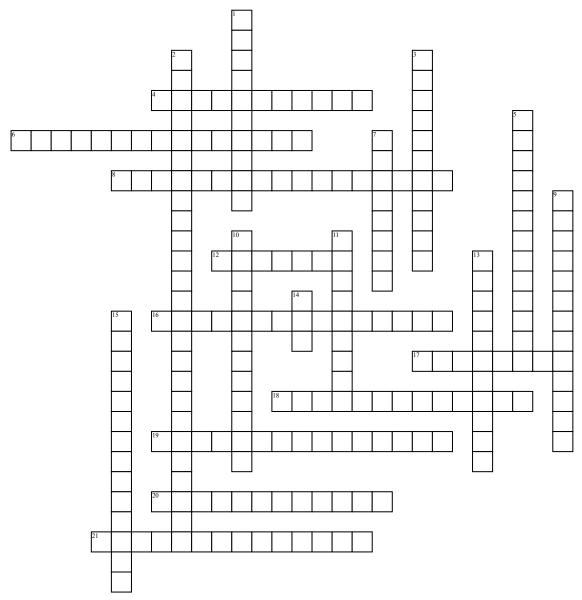
Name:	Date:	Period:

Brakes Crossword



Across

- **4.** A disc brake rotor with cooling fins between its faces **6.** Hardware in a drum brake system that holds the
- **6.** Hardware in a drum brake system that holds the shoes to the backing plate.
- **8.** A threaded adjuster mechanism in a drum brake that moves the brake shoes further apart so the linings will be closer to the drums.
- 12. Found only on disc barkes, houses piston which uses the force of hydraulic brake fluid to squeeze brake pads against the roter
- 16. A method of bleeding the brakes that allows fluid to dribble out of the open bleeder screws by gravity. It's a slow process and rarely used except in applications that require it because of metering valve arrangements that prevent normal manual or power bleeding procedures.
- 17. A brake design that provides servo action regardless of which way the drum is turning (forward or reverse).
- 18. The amount of sideways variation in the movement of a brake rotor or wheel. Lateral runout can be checked by positioning a dial indicator against the rotor and then turning the rotor. The amount of runout can then compared to specs to determine if the rotor needs to be resurfaced or replaced.

- **19.** A type of disc brake caliper where the housing is designed to slide on the guide pins from side to side over the brake rotor
- **20.** A screw valve designed with a hollow center to allow fluid to be bled through it
- **21.** Components in a drum brake setup with two piston that extend outward as the brake fluid pressure increases

Down

- 1. Steel tubing that delivers brake fluid under high pressure from the master cylinder to the brake hose at each wheel
- 2. A safetly valve that monitors whether fluid pressure is equal in both seperate brake system circuits
- 3. Refers to variations in the thickness of the rotor, or the parallel alignment of the two surfaces of the rotor. Parallelism is checked with a micrometer at six or more different points around the circumference of the rotor. If the thickness varies more than the specs allow, the rotor must be resurfaced or replaced.
- **5.** A special measuring tool with a gauge indicator that can be used to check rotor runout and wheel bearing play.

- 7. A rubber seal on a disc brake caliper which prevents moisture and other debree from entering the cylinder area where the piston compresses the brake fluid
- **9.** Unit in a power brake system that multiplies the force exerted on the brake pedal to the master cylinder
- 10. Flat metal plate inside the brake drum on which the brake shoes, wheel cylinders, and other brake parts are mounted
- 11. When brake pad or shoe grip diminishes beacuse brake components have been overheated
- **13.** The ability to absorb fluids
- **14.** An automatic system that applies brake pressure, then releases, the applies in a rapid, pulsating fashion repeatedly
- 15. A mechanial back-up system that will activate rear brakes should all hydraulic operation somehow fail