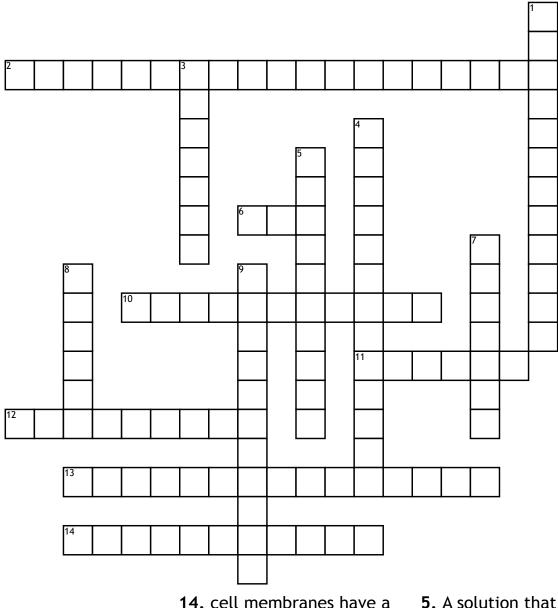
## TRANSPORT ACROSS MEMBRANES



## **Across**

**2.** it is 7nm thick

6. what type of energy does active transport require

**10.** type of lipid

**11.** net movement of water into a cell causes the cell to be

**12.** what solution contains the highest water potential

**13.** the process in which the molecules, eve against a concentration gradient

14. cell membranes have a

```
structure
```

## Down

1. when channel proteins and carrier proteins deform, this increases the \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ of the cell 3. the name of the process for the movement of water **4.** Protein that has

polysaccharide chains attached

5. A solution that contains more solute and has a lower water potential.

7. Diffusion is a p\_\_\_\_ \_ process

**8.** the thinner the exchange surface, the \_ \_ \_ \_

- \_ \_ the rate of diffusion
- **9.** ATP is produced by