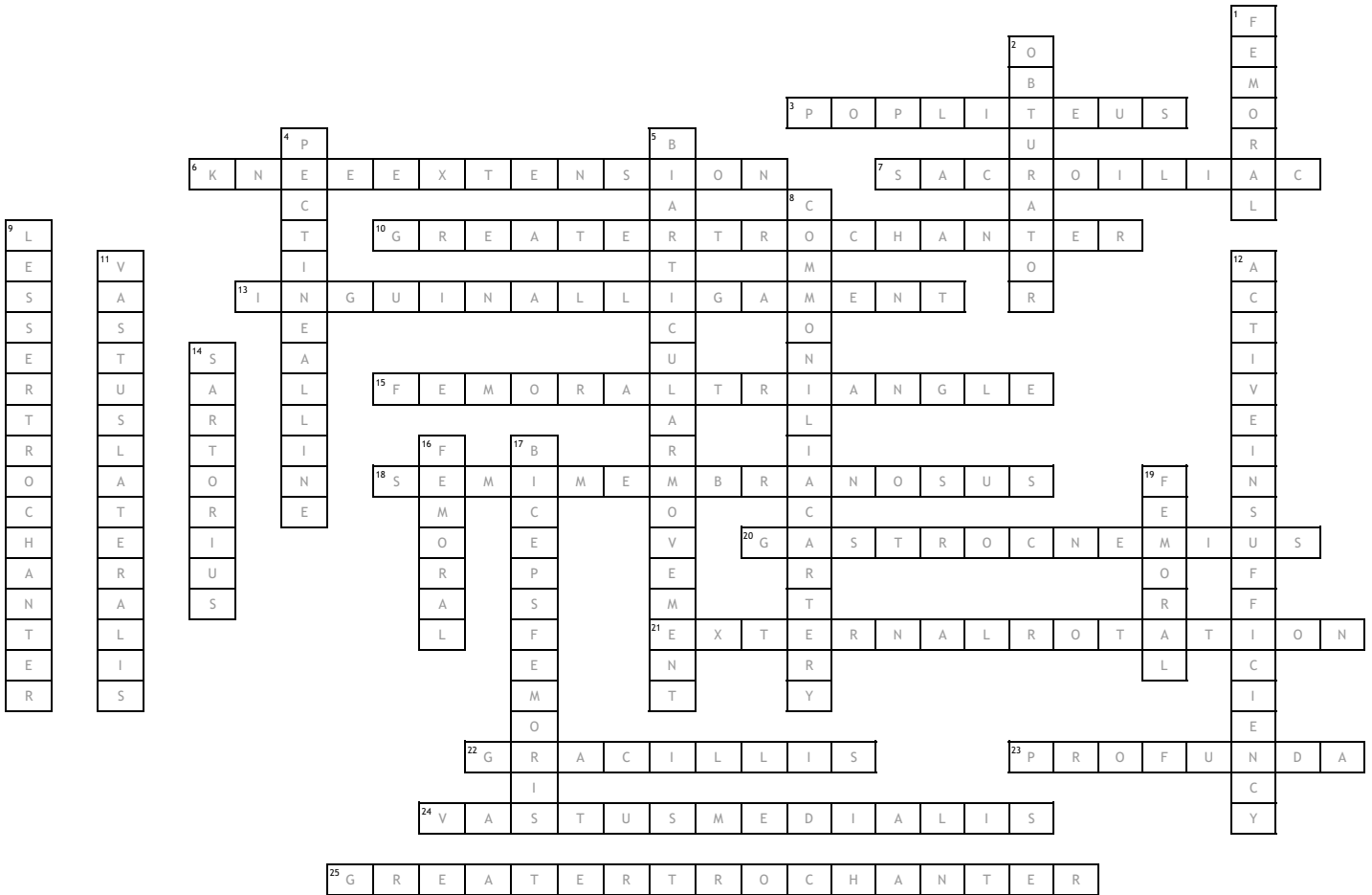


Thigh



Across

3. inserts on the proximal popliteal line on the tibia
6. function of the vests lateralis
7. joint between the sacrum and the pelvis
10. Where does the piriformis insert?
13. the thigh is the region between the knee and what?
15. the inguinal ligament, the sartorius and the adductor longus form what?
18. originates on the school tuberosity and inserts on the inferior medial condyle of the femur
20. Powerful posterior leg muscle inserting on the calcaneus
21. Hip movement caused by the internal obturator
22. innervated by the obturator nerve and supplied by the floral artery
23. artery to the biceps femoris long head
24. muscle deep to the rectus femurs
25. major attachment point for hip extensors and rotators

Down

1. nerve that supplies the anterior thigh
2. nerve innervating adductor longus
4. another word for the spiral line on the femur
5. when muscles causes movements at more than one joint, but one movement has to win out
8. passes in front of the psaos to become the external iliac artery
9. attachment point for iliacus and psaos
11. located laterally to the rectus femoris
12. when a muscle reaches a point where is can not shorten and farther against the agonist
14. muscle that originates at the ASIS and inserts on the medial condyle of the tibia
16. nerve supplying the sartorius
17. muscle on posterior thigh with 2 heads
19. nerve innervating the iliacus

Word Bank

femoral
semimembranosus
external rotation
femoral
Gracillis
popliteus
Greater trochanter

vastus lateralis
lesser trochanter
sartorius
profunda
obturator
active insufficiency

femoral triangle
pectineal line
greater trochanter
vastus medialis
biceps femoris
biarticular movement

sacroiliac
common iliac artery
inguinal ligament
femoral
knee extension
Gastrocnemius