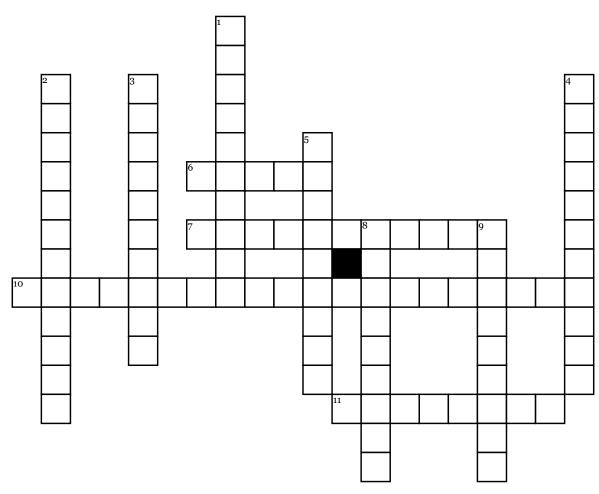
## **Rhetorical Devices**



## Across

**6.** speakers/writers intend to express meanings of words differently than their literal meanings

**7.** A sentence begins and ends with the same word/clause

10. Speaker, Audience, Subject

**11.** When an author goes back and corrects a statement they just said

## <u>Down</u>

**1.** The last word or phrase is repeated in various sentences

**2.** a basis of mutual interest or agreement that's found in the course of an argument

**3.** An inversion of the normal order of words, especially for the sake of emphasis

**4.** The use of a word in a way that is not correct

**5.** A statement of what has already been covered and what will be said next

**8.** Syllogism (logical argument) in which the major premise is unstated but meant to be understood

**9.** A figure of speech in which a part is made to represent the whole or vice versa