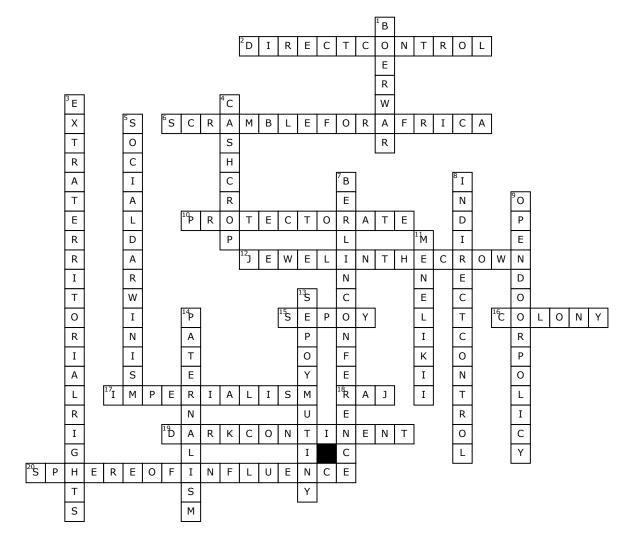
## Imperialism Vocabulary



## **Across**

- **2.** type of control where foreign officials were brought in to rule and control in which needs were satisfied but rights were not given
- **6.** Over 90% of Africa was taken over by European countries that scrambled (raced) to take over the continent. (all wanted Africa)
- **10.** A state that is controlled and protected by another
- **12.** Name given to India because it had a lot of resources such as textiles and ivory- also very wealthy
- **15.** Indian soldiers who were employed to protect the company's interests
- **16.** The area that is taken over by a country
- **17.** When a strong country conquers and takes over a weaker country politically, socially or economically

- 18. British rule in India
- **19.** Africa because people didn't know what was there
- **20.** Occurred in China. (generally was) areas where trade was controlled by different European nations).

## **Down**

- 1. War from 1899-1902- Great Britain defeated Boers of South Africa
- **3.** foreigners living in china lived by the rule of the nation they came from
- **4.** crops that are unable to be eaten but you can make a lot of money off of them
- **5.** This was the idea that it was natural for strong countries (like the European nations) to take over weaker countries (like nations in Africa and Asia).

- **7.** Meeting to decide how to divide up Africa, without any, regard for the people living there. Countries such as Britain, France, Spain, Portugal, Belgium, Italy and Germany were involved.
- **8.** The ruling nation relies on the existing political rulers in the subject nation to lead the country.
- **9.** US declared this on china in 1899 so that merchants of all nations could trade with china
- 11. Ruler of Ethiopia
- **13.** Rebellion in which India tried (but failed) to gain independence from Great Britain (England).
- **14.** Mother country treated Natives like they were there children