Across
1. Is more than half of the votes cast.
5. A formal act by which one state goes to war against another.
8. The die for stamping metal was wedge-shaped.
10. The head of the majority party in a legislative body, especially the US Senate or House of Representatives.
11. A group of people appointed for a specific function, typically consisting of members of a larger group.
14. Is elected by the Senate and is, by custom, the senator of the majority party with the longest record of continuous service.
17. The presiding officer of the United States House of Representatives.
18. A body of advisers to the president, composed of the heads of the executive departments of the government.
19. The upper chamber of the United States Congress.
20. The head of the minority party in a legislative body, especially the US Senate or House of Representatives.
21. The lower chamber of the United States Congress.

Down
2. Clause that allows congress to extend its delegated powers.
4. Determines whether a person is an alien, and associated legal rights, duties, and obligations of aliens in the United States.
6. A section of the United States Constitution that enables Congress to make the laws required for the exercise of its other powers established by Constitution.
7. A legal process by which aliens become citizens.
9. A field of law, often bracketed with antitrust including government regulation of unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive business acts or practices.
12. Deliberative assembly with the authority to make laws for a political entity such as a country or city.
13. The bicameral legislature of the federal government of the United States consisting of two chambers.
15. Called into question the integrity or validity.
16. A meeting at which local members of a political party register their preference among candidates running for office or select delegates to attend a convention.