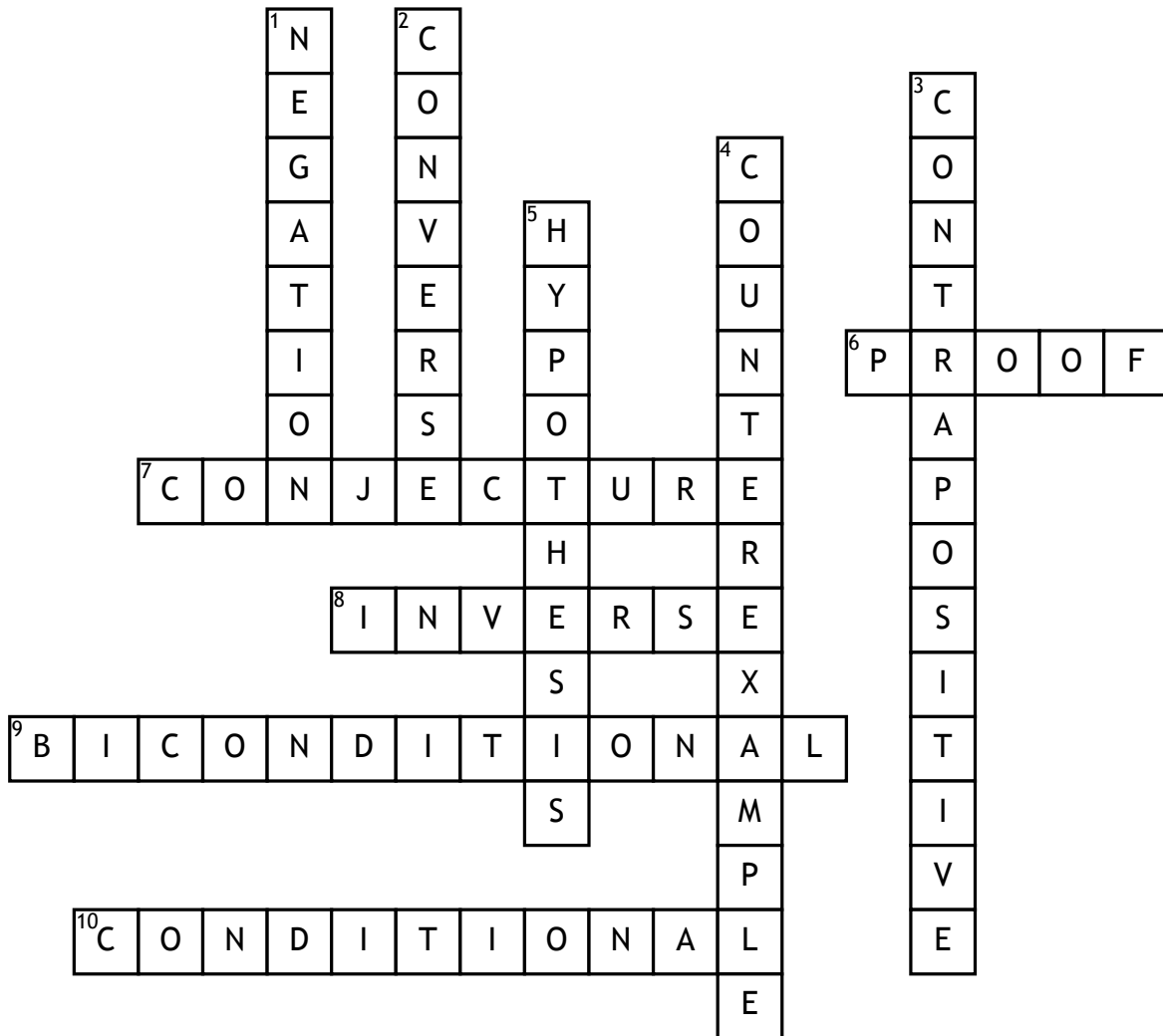


Name: _____

Proving angles are congruent



Across

6. A logically constructed argument that shows why a conjecture is true
7. a conclusion one reaches using inductive reasoning
8. a statement that negates both the hypothesis and the conclusion of a given conditional statement
9. a true statement that combines a true conditional statement and its true converse
10. also known as an "if-then" statement

Down

1. When you change the truth value of a given conditional statement, you get a ____?
2. a conditional statement that exchanges the hypothesis and conclusion
3. this variation of a conditional statement always shares the same truth value as the original conditional statement
4. an example that shows why a conjecture is wrong
5. this is part of a conditional statement comes after the word "if" in "if-then" form