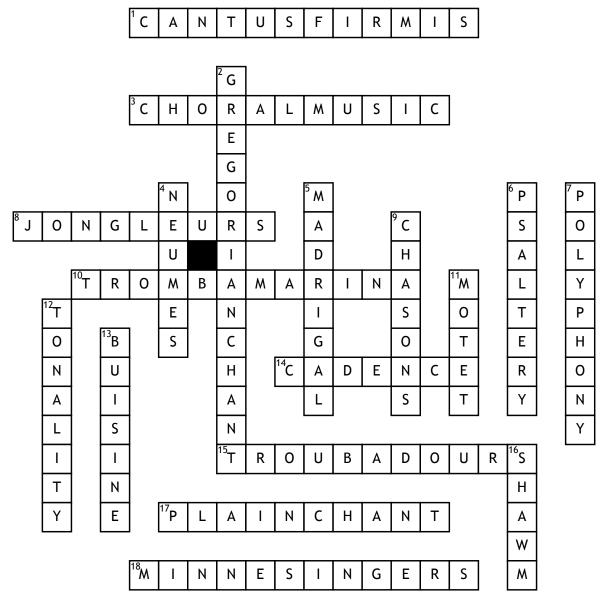
Name:	Date:
-------	-------

Medieval Music



Across

- 1. When the chant is sung and played on instruments in long notes while 3 faster melodies are sung above it.
- **3.** Polyphonic works written for 7 singers per voice part instead of for solo voices.
- **8.** Tthese type of people and traveling minstrels danced played and sang their own songs in courts & streets.
- **10.** One stringed instrument which has no modern counterpart.
- **14.** Temporary resting point in a piece of music.

- **15.** Nobel men who set poems to music.
- **17.** A form of medieval church that involves chanting; it emerged around 100 A.D. No instruments involved.
- **18.** Troubadours were either called this or singers of love.

Down

- **2.** Pope Gregory the Great's compilation is recognized as this.
- **4.** A note or group of notes that are sung in a single syllable.
- **5.** Introduced two centuries earlier, but then evolved into sophisticated polyphonic songs.

- **6.** Plucked instrument similar to a modern zither.
- **7.** The combining of two or more musical lines.
- 9. The word for songs in french.
- 11. New type of vocal music in which rhythm was specified for the first time.
- **12.** The tendency of a musical composition to gravitate toward one particular note called.
- **13.** An ancestor of our trombone without a slide it can only play a few notes.
- **16.** A double reed instrument. Its modern descendant is the oboe.