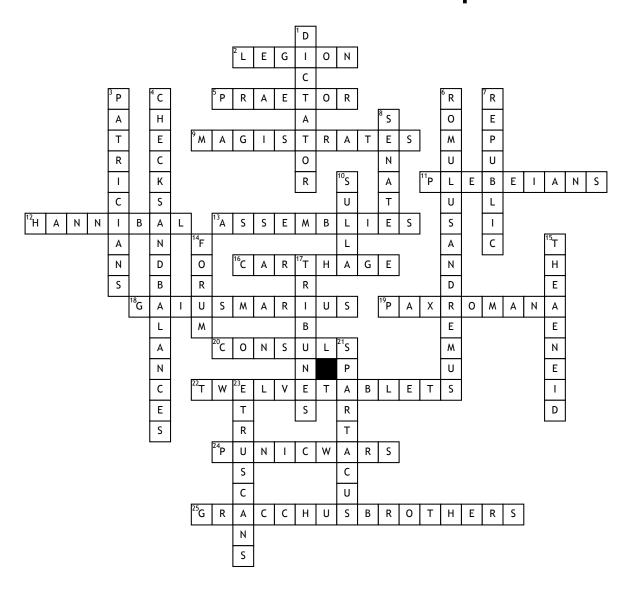
Name:	Date:	Period:	

S.S. Vocab. The Roman Republic 8.2



Across

- 2. A brilliant Carthaginian general that led a force through modern-day Spain and the Alps to invade and almost conquer Rome
- **5.** at type of Roman magistrate that would administer justice
- 9. Rome's elected officials
- 11. common people; lacked political power
- 12. A brilliant Carthaginian general that led a force through modern-day Spain and the Alps to invade and almost conquer Rome
- 13. allowed for all Roman citizens to vote and listen to what laws are being passed
- **16.** Phoenician colony in Northern Africa; home to Hannibal Barca
- **18.** Famous Roman general who gained support politically from his Roman soldiers; was tribune seven times
- **19.** 200 years of peace; first years of the Roman Empire; Rome had a stable government and a well-run army

- **20.** the two most powerful magistrates in Rome
- 22. Rome's written laws
- 24. A seires of wars against carthage
- 25. politicians that fought to make life better for the lower classes; such as making the government provide the military equipment, no man under 17 could be conscripted. One of them was killed by chairs because people thought he was trying to become a tyrant

<u>Down</u>

- 1. rulers with almost absolute power
- **3.** powerful nobles; controlled most of the political power
- **4.** a method to balance power in the government; kept each branch of the government accountable to each other
- **6.** the legendary founders of Rome, whom Rome was named after

- 7. people elect leaders to govern them; established to keep one person from being too powerful for the government
- **8.** a council of wealthy and powerful Romans that advised the city's leaders
- **10.** became dictator after forcefully taking power in Rome; gave more power to the Senate
- 14. the center of life in ancient Rome; means "public place"; most government buildings and temples were located there 15. An epic that tells the origin of ancient
- 17. elected by the plebeians; had the power to veto; elected yearly
- **21.** a gladiator that led a slave rebellion against Rome's leaders; once he died the rebellion fell apart
- **23.** An ancient civilization located on the northern part of the Italian peninsula that greatly influenced the Ancient Romans