Across
5. A substance that, when introduced into the body, is capable of inducing the production of a specific antibody
7. Any infectious disease capable of being transmitted by casual contact from one person to another
9. All white blood cells
10. Cellular suicide, also known as programmed cell death
11. Development of detectable antibodies to HIV in the blood as a result of infection with HIV
13. Any perceptible, subjective change in the body or its functions that indicates disease or phases of disease, as reported by the patient.
14. Any substance or process that destroys a virus or suppresses its ability to reproduce
15. The presence of virus in the bloodstream

Down
1. How well a drug works
2. The period when an organism (i.e., a virus or a bacterium) is in the body and not producing any ill effects
3. A protein found in muscles and blood, and excreted by the kidneys in the urine. The level provides a measure of kidney function.
4. Molecules in the blood or secretory fluids that tag, destroy or neutralize bacteria, viruses or other harmful toxins
6. A substance, also called an antigen, capable of provoking an immune response
8. Usually used in AIDS literature to describe a person who has a positive reaction to one of several tests for HIV antibodies, but who shows no clinical symptoms of the disease.
12. A prolonged, lingering or recurring state of disease