Econ

<u>Across</u>

5. money paid regularly at a particular rate for the use of money lent, or for delaying the repayment of a debt.

8. pay out (money) in buying or hiring goods or services.

9. income, especially when of a company or organization and of a substantial nature.

11. a thing that is borrowed, especially a sum of money that is expected to be paid back with interest.

12. an economy of or reduction in money, time, or another resource.

13. the ability of a customer to obtain goods or services before payment, based on the trust that payment will be made in the future.

<u>Down</u>

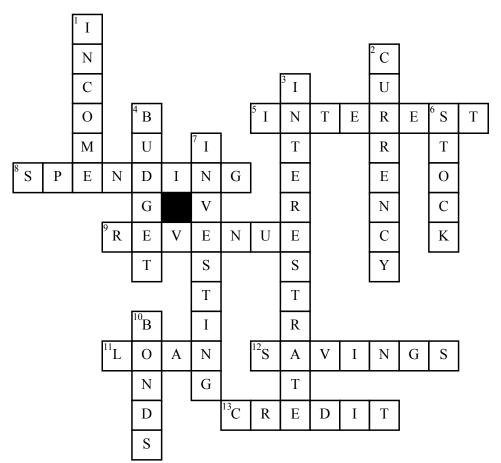
1. money received, especially on a regular basis, for work or through investments.

2. a system of money in general use in a particular country.

3. the proportion of a loan that is charged as interest to the borrower, typically expressed as an annual percentage of the loan outstanding.

4. an estimate of income and expenditure for a set period of time.

6. is a type of security that signifies ownership in a corporation and represents a claim on part of the corporation's assets and earnings.



7. expend money with the expectation of achieving a profit or material result by putting it into financial schemes, shares, or property, or by using it to develop a commercial venture.

10. a fixed income investment in which an investor loans money to an entity (typically corporate or governmental) which borrows the funds for a defined period of time at a variable or fixed interest rate. ... Owners of bonds are debtholders, or creditors, of the issuer.

