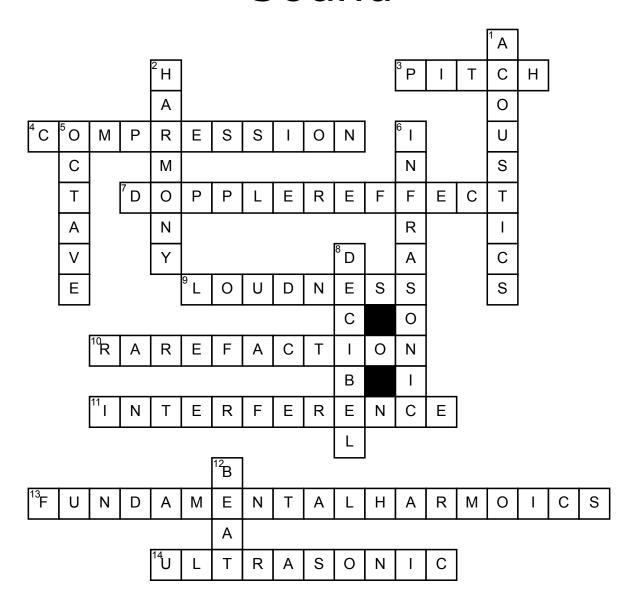
Name: Date:	
-------------	--

Sound



Across

- 3. highness or lowness of a sound. depends on frequency of sound wave
- **4.** area where sound waves are pushed together
- **7.** change in frequency of sound caused by movement of either the source, the detector or both
- **9.** intensity of sound as percieved by the ear and interpereted by the brain

- **10.** area where sound waves are pushed apart
- **11.** combination of two or more sound waves
- **13.** the lowest frequency of sound that resonates in an instrument
- **14.** frequencies that are above 20,000Hz

Down

1. control of noise and vibrations that cause noise

- **2.** produced when overtones have frequencies that are whole number multiples of the fundamental
- **5.** eight notes on the musical scale
- 6. frequencies below 20Hz
- **8.** most common unit of measurement for sound level
- **12.** two frequencies that are nearly identical interfere to produce oscillating high and low sound levels