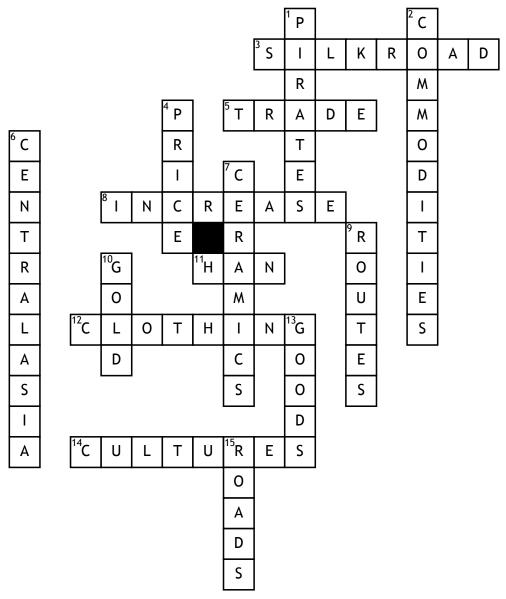
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## silk road



## **Across**

- 3. the \_\_\_\_\_ connected the west with the east through cities like Alexandria Eschate(Alexandria the furthest) founded by Alexander the great in 329 B.C.E. The Hand dynasty's capital Chang'an (now spelled Xi'an) in central china was the main city at the eastern end of the silk road.
- **8.** over it's history the silk road saw periods of \_\_\_\_\_ and decrease in trade
- 11. during the \_\_\_\_ dynasty in china, 206 B.C.E. to 220 C.E., a period of stability was established across china.

- 12. silk was highly desired in cities like Rome, where people wanted it for \_\_\_\_\_ and decoration
- **14.** the silk road also spread \_\_\_\_: ideas, languages, customs, and scientific knowledge.

## **Down**

- 1. when \_\_\_\_\_ and other perils faced the merchants on the sea routes, trade increased on the land routes
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ such as silk had become known to people in Rome through regional trade within their empire as it spread west.
- 4. the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of goods changed along the silk road, depending on consumer wants and the cost of transporting the goods over long distances

- **6.** one additional impact was the spread of diseases such as Bubonic Plague that spread across \_\_\_\_\_ into China and resulted in the Black Death in Europe
- 7. goods such as the magnetic compass, silk, gun powder and \_\_\_\_\_ were traded from Chinese cities to the west
  9. along the \_\_\_\_\_ of the silk road, different regions offered such as dates,
- copper, herbs, and finished products **10.** all along the trade routes,

\_\_\_\_\_ was a common form of money for trading

- 13. people used the silk road to carry

  between Rome and Chang'an
- 15. the silk road was actually a series of extending north and south