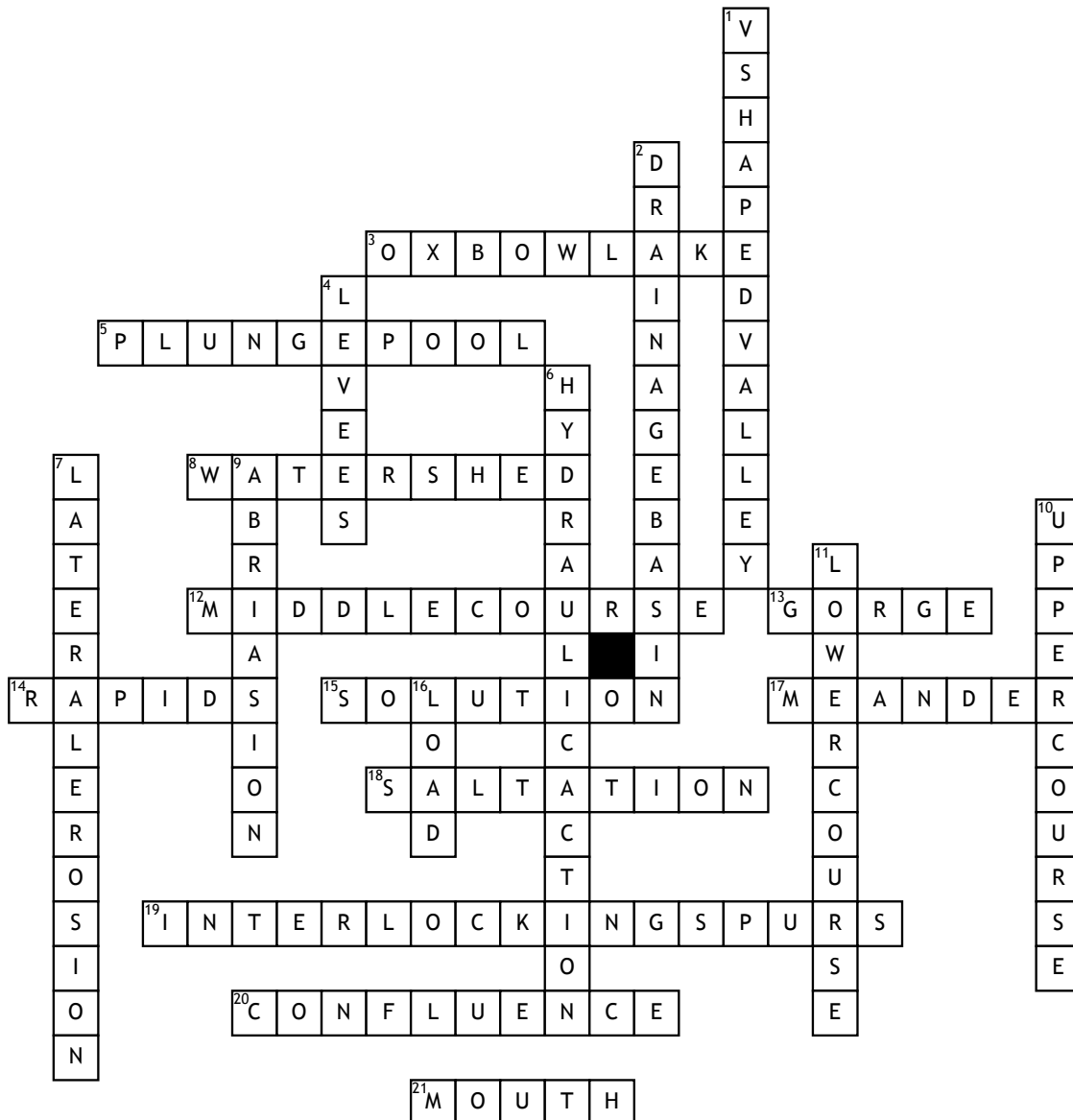


Name: _____

Date: _____

Geography crossword



Across

3. a meander which has been cut off from the main river channel and abandoned.

5. the deep pool below a waterfall.

8. the highland separating one river basin from another

12. the section of the river between the mountains and the lowland, where transport of eroded material is important and the river begins to cut sideways due to the reducing gradient.

13. a steep-sided, narrow rocky valley marking the retreat of a waterfall

14. found where the river meets a band of resistant rock and usually precede a waterfall

15. some rocks such as limestone are subject to chemical attack and slowly dissolve in the water

17. a bend in a river. The outside of the meander has the fastest flow and deepest water.

18. material bounced along the bed of the river

19. As the river descends from the highland, it begins to meander between spurs which interlock down the valley.

20. the point at which rivers meet

21. where a river ends, at a lake or the sea

Down

1. deep v-shaped valley is usually found in the upper course of the river where the water has considerable erosive power

2. the land that is drained by a river and its tributaries

4. river embankments built by deposition as the river floods

6. The sheer force of the water by itself can erode material from the bed and banks of the river channel.

7. erosion by a river on the outside of a meander channel. It eventually leads to the widening of the valley and the formation of the flood plain.

9. rocks carried along the river down the bed

10. the mountain stage of a river with steep gradients and much erosion

11. the section of the river near the sea, where deposition is the most important process and the valley becomes wider and flatter

16. the material transported by a river as bedload, suspended load or dissolved load (in solution)