Name:

Date: _____ Period: _____

The Solar System



Across

2. a planet whose orbit lies within the asteroid belt, i.e., Mercury, Venus, Earth, or Mars

7. the time taken by a planet to make one revolution around the sun **11.** a small rocky body orbiting the sun 12. a small body of matter from outer space that enters the earth's atmosphere, becoming incandescent as a result of friction and appearing as a streak of light 13. a celestial object consisting of a nucleus of ice and dust and, when near the sun, a "tail" of gas and dust particles pointing away from the sun **15.** a large planet of relatively low density consisting predominantly of hydrogen and helium, such as Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, or Neptune

16. the envelope of gases surrounding the earth or another planet 17. a large, usually reddish gaseous vortex on the surface of Jupiter Down

1. a celestial body resembling a small planet but lacking certain technical criteria that are required for it to be classed as such 3. a planet whose orbit lies outside the asteroid belt, i.e., Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, or Neptune

4. the force that attracts a body toward the center of the earth, or toward any other physical body having mass 5. a small planetary body orbiting the sun

6. the curved path of a celestial object or spacecraft around a star, planet, or moon, especially a periodic elliptical revolution

8. the collection of eight planets and their moons in orbit around the sun. together with smaller bodies in the form of asteroids, meteoroids, and comets 9. a small body moving in the solar system that would become a meteor if it entered the earth's atmosphere **10.** a planet that is composed primarily of silicate rocks or metals 14. a celestial body moving in an elliptical orbit around a star