Across
2. The study of the mind and behavior.
5. They seek to understand the aging process by studying what happens to our cells, organs and systems as we get older.
8. They analyze non-biological trace evidence found at crime scenes in order to identify unknown materials and match samples to known substances.
12. They collect blood for donation or for testing so the blood can be analyzed in a clinical laboratory.
15. They examine, diagnose, treat, and manage diseases, injuries, and disorders of the visual system.
17. Health career that focuses on the relationship between the structure of the spine and nervous system and how it affects the restoration of health.
18. They measure blood to identify appropriate mechanical, pharmacological, and thermal manipulation of the heart to maintain a physiological state.
19. They care for children from infancy to late teen years in a hospital.
20. They provide services that help restore function, improve mobility, reduce pain, and prevent permanent disabilities.

Down
1. They dispense medications prescribed by physicians and monitor patient health.
3. This career addresses the health of people living in low- and middle-income countries.
4. A doctor who works with animals.
6. Health professionals with specialized graduate degrees and experience in the areas of medical genetics and counseling.
7. They develop and monitor exercise programs to help people regain muscle strength and function.
9. They do fieldwork to determine what causes a certain outbreak of disease or an injury and how to prevent it from reoccurring.
10. An Osteopathic healthcare provider specifically trained to manage the needs and treatments of older people.
11. The branch of healing arts and sciences devoted to maintaining oral health.
13. Devoted to the study of human movement with the foot and the ankle as their main focus.
14. They administer and score neurophysiological, psychological, personality and academic tests for patients with brain injury, neurological diseases, psychological health issues or learning disabilities.
16. A physician who examines tissues, checks the accuracy of lab tests and interprets the results in order to facilitate the patient’s diagnosis and treatment.