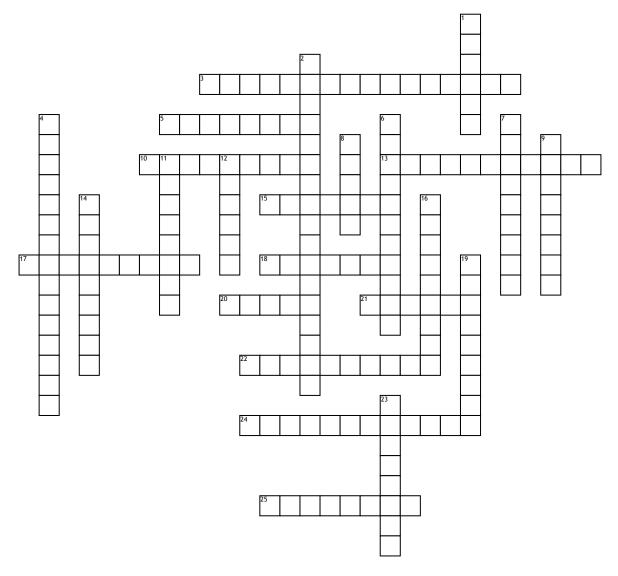
The Roman Republic



<u>Across</u>

3. were Roman plebeian nobiles who both served as tribunes in the late 2nd century BC

5. was the period of ancient Roman civilization beginning with the overthrow of the Roman Kingdom

10. ancient civilization prospered in the region of modern-day Tuscany, maintaining extensive trade networks, building impressive fortified cities, and making exquisite art

13. was a Roman general and statesman

15. was the highest elected office of the

appointive office under the Roman Empire.

17. was the long period of peacefulness and minimal expansion by the Roman military force18. was a title granted by the government of Ancient Rome to men acting in one of two official capacities

20. was a Roman general and statesman.21. a unit of 3,000-6,000 men in the ancient Roman army.

22. were institutions in ancient Rome. They functioned as the machinery of the Roman legislative branch

24. Tables was the legislation that stood at the foundation of Roman law.

25. led an attack on Saguntum, an independent city allied with Rome, which sparked the outbreak of the Second Punic War. **Down**

1. is a Latin epic poem, written by Virgil between 29 and 19 BC

2. were in charge of government and also of the army. The 300 citizen Senate advised them at all times.

4. were the twin brothers and main characters of Rome's foundation myth.6. He was the chief priest, lawgiver, judge, and the sole commander of the army.[

7. was a Thracian gladiator who, along with the Gauls Crixus, Oenomaus, Castus and Gannicus, was one of the escaped slave leaders in the Third Servile War, **8.** surrounded by the ruins of several important ancient government buildings at the center of the city of Rome.

9. a ruler with total power over a country, typically one who has obtained power by force.11. an official in ancient Rome chosen by the plebeians to protect their interests.

12. was a political institution in ancient Rome.

14. an aristocrat or nobleman.

16. was the general body of free Roman citizens who were not patricians, as determined by the census.

19. were a series of three wars fought between Rome and Carthage from 264 BC to 146 BC.

23. was the center or capital city of the ancient Carthaginian civilization, situated on the eastern side of the Lake of Tunis