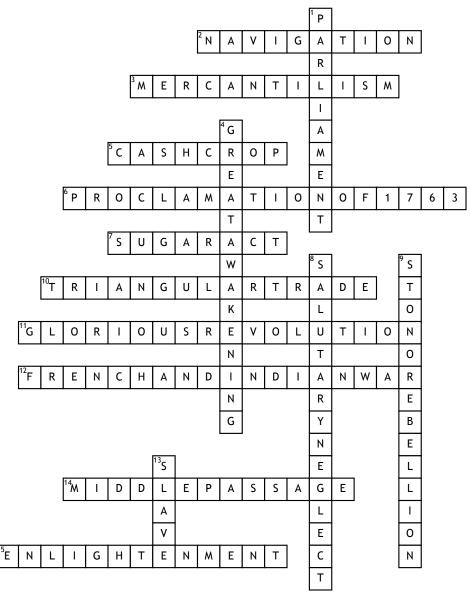
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## Chapter 3 The American Colonies Emerge



## **Across**

- **2.** A series of laws enacted by parliament beginning in 1651, to tighten England's control of trade in its American colonies.
- **3.** An economic system in which nations seek to increase their wealth and power by obtaining large amounts of gold and silver and by establishing a favorable balance of trade.
- **5.** A crop grown by a farmer for sale rather than for personal use.
- **6.** An order in which Britain prohibited its American colonists from settling west of the Appalachian Mountains
- 7. A trade law enacted by Parliament in 1764 in an attempt to reduce smuggling in the British colonies in North America.

- 10. The transatlantic of trade in which goods and people, including slaves, were exchanged between Africa, England, Europe, the West Indies, and the colonies in North America.
- **11.** The transfer of the British monarchy from James II to William and Mary in 1688-1689
- 12. A conflict in North America, lasting from 1754 to 1763, that was part of a world wide struggle between France and Britain and that ended with the defeat of France and the transfer of French Canada to Britain.
- 14. The voyage that brought enslaved Africans to the West Indies and later to North America.

**15.** An 18th century intellectual movement that emphasized the use of reason and the scientific method as means of obtaining knowledge.

## <u>Down</u>

- 1. The legislative body of England.
- **4.** A revival of realigious feeling in the American colonies during the 1730s and 1750s.
- **8.** An Polocy of of relaxing the enforcement of regulations in its colonies in return for colonies continued economic loyalty.
- **9.** A 1739 uprising of slaves in South Carolina, leading to the tightening of already harsh slave laws.
- **13.** A person who becomes the property of others.