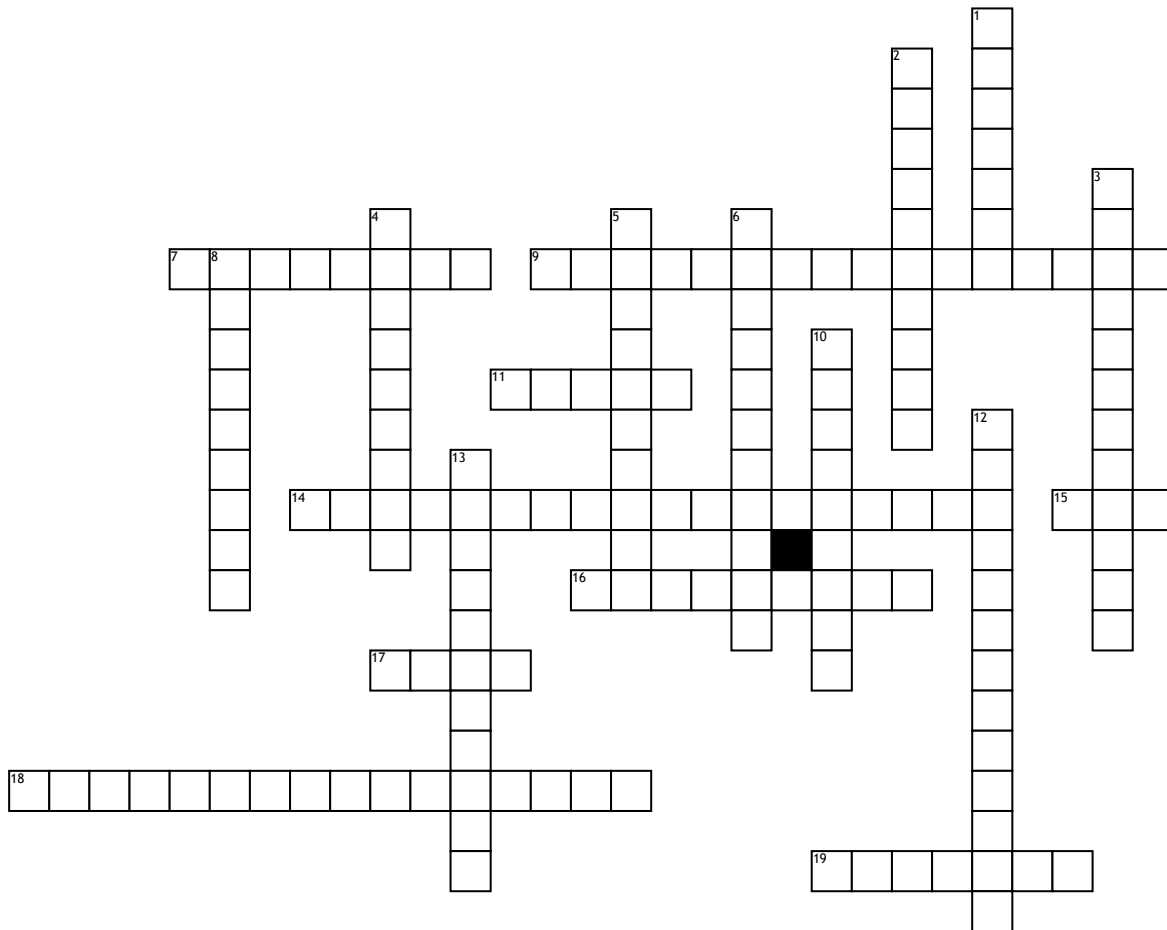


Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Economic Indicators and Business Cycle



## Across

7. Characterized by people returning to work and an increased demand for goods and services

9. Measures the number of people who are able and willing to work but can't find work during a specific period

11. GDP is expressed in \_\_\_\_\_, which makes it easier to compare the relative worth of goods and services

14. Measures how much a country is producing, whether the economy is growing, and how the economy compares to other countries

15. The total value of goods and services produced in a country in a given year

16. General increase in the price of goods and services

17. Highest point in the business cycle

18. The level of material comfort as measured by the goods and services that are available

19. When a government's revenue exceeds expenditures during a one-year period it has a budget \_\_\_\_\_.

## Down

1. When a government's expenses exceed revenue during a one-year period it has a budget \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Characterized by low unemployment and high production of goods and services

3. Total amount of money the government owes

4. Characterized by increasing unemployment and a declining GDP

5. Characterized by high unemployment and low production of goods and services trough, Lowest point of real GDP

6. The day the stock market crashed and marked the beginning of the Great Depression.

8. When the economy surges and GDP increases

10. General decrease in the price of goods and services

12. Rise and fall of economic activity

13. When real GDP has declined for 2 or more quarters