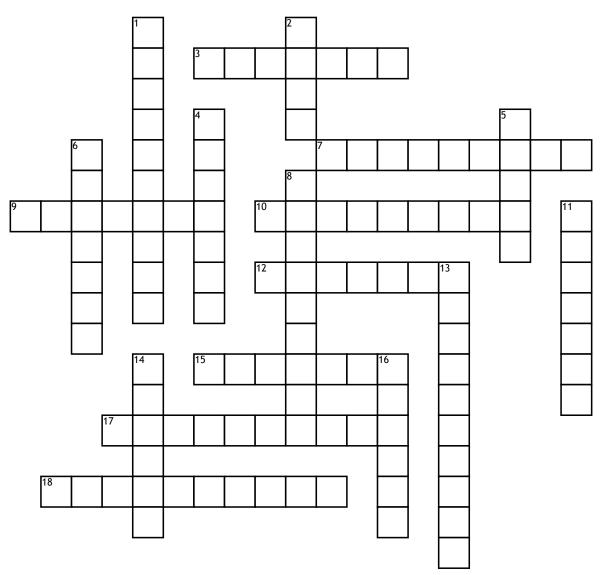
## Interactions Within Ecosystems



## <u>Across</u>

3. Non-living

7. All of the different population that live together in one area.

**9.** In every community, each species has a particular place where it lives. This place is called its \_\_\_\_\_.

**10.** Interactions between the abiotic and biotic features of an area

**12.** Average weather pattern of a region.

**15.** If an animal can not adapt to its environment and therefore can not exist. We say it has become

**17.** A group of individuals of the same species, living together in one place at one time.

18. Single organism

## <u>Down</u>

**1.** An inherited characteristic that helps an organism survive and reproduce in its environment

2. How many biomes occur in Canada?

**4.** Local conditions that change from day to day.

**5.** Large area with characteristic climate, soil, plants and animals.

6. In every community, each species has a particular place where it lives. This place is called its \_\_\_\_\_

**8.** A scientist who studies the abiotic-biotic interactions within an environment

**11.** A group of organisms who can successfully reproduce among themselves

**13.** The Boreal forest is the largest biome in Canada. The dominant organism is:

## 14. Living

**16.** The biome that is cold, dry and treeless with less than 25 cm of precipitation per year is the \_\_\_\_\_