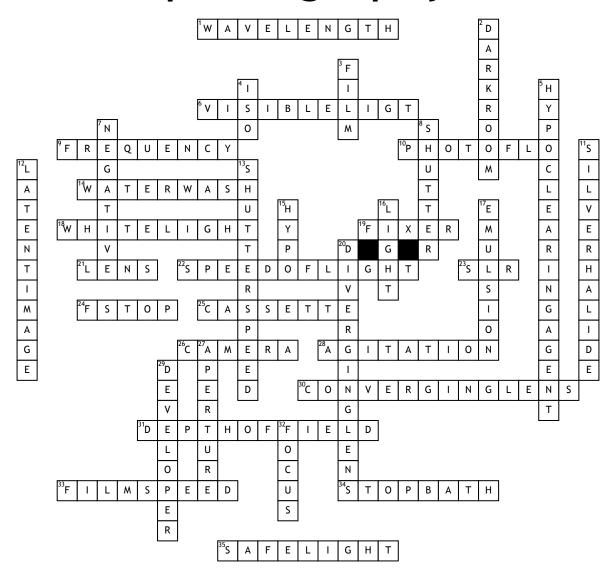
Name:	Date:

photography



Across

- 1. The distance from peak to peak in a light wave that determines the color of the light $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($
- 6. a form of electromagnetic (EM) radiation, as are radio waves, infrared radiation, ultraviolet radiation, X-rays and microwaves. Generally, visible light is defined as the wavelengths that are visible to most human eyes
- 9. the rate at which a vibration occurs that constitutes a wave, either in a material (as in sound waves), or in an electromagnetic field (as in radio waves and light), usually measured per second.
- 10. wetting agent, dip your final film into
- 14. cleaning agent such as soap and water
- **18.** apparently colorless light, for example ordinary daylight. It contains all the wavelengths of the visible spectrum at equal intensity.
- 19. a substance used for fixing a photographic image.
- 21. the light-gathering device of a camera
- 22. a fundamental physical constant that is the speed at which electromagnetic radiation propagates in a vacuum and that has a value fixed by international convention of 299,792,458 meters per second
- 23. a digital camera combining the optics and the mechanisms of a single-lens reflex camera with a digital imaging sensor
- **24.** a camera setting corresponding to a particular f-number

- **25.** a sealed plastic unit containing a length of audiotape, videotape, film, etc. wound on a pair of spools, for insertion into a recorder or playback device.
- 26. a device for recording visual images in the form of
- photographs, film, or video signals.

 28. the action of briskly stirring or disturbing something,
- 30. a lens that causes parallel rays (as of light) to come to
- 31. the distance between the nearest and the furthest objects that give an image judged to be in focus in a
- **33.** the measure of a photographic film's sensitivity to light, determined by sensitometry and measured on various transfer or various transfer o numerical scales
- **34.** a bath for stopping the action of a preceding bath by neutralizing any of its chemical still present.
- 35. a light source suitable for use in a photographic

<u>Down</u>

- 2. a room from which normal light is excluded, used for developing photographs.
- 3. a thin flexible strip of plastic or other material coated with light-sensitive emulsion for exposure in a camera, used to produce photographs or motion pictures.
- 5. will reduce wash time, and help eliminate any of the magenta sensitizing dye so you will get nice clear film base.

- 7. a photographic image made on film or specially prepared glass that shows the light and shade or color values reversed from the original, and from which positive
- 8. a device that opens and closes to expose the film in a camera.
- 11. The silver crystals that make up an image on a negative or print
- 12. an image on an exposed film or print that has not yet
- been made visible by developing.

 13. the time for which a shutter is open at a given setting. 15. the chemical sodium thiosulphate (formerly called
- hyposulphite) used as a photographic fixer. 16. the natural agent that stimulates sight and makes
- things visible.
- 17. a light-sensitive coating for photographic films and plates, containing crystals of a silver compound dispersed in a medium such as gelatin.
- 20. a lens that causes a beam of parallel rays to diverge after refraction, as from a virtual image
- 27. a space through which light passes in an optical or photographic instrument, especially the variable opening by which light enters a camera.
- **29.** a chemical agent used for treating photographic film to make a visible image
- 32. the position of a viewed object or the adjustment of an optical device necessary to produce a clear image