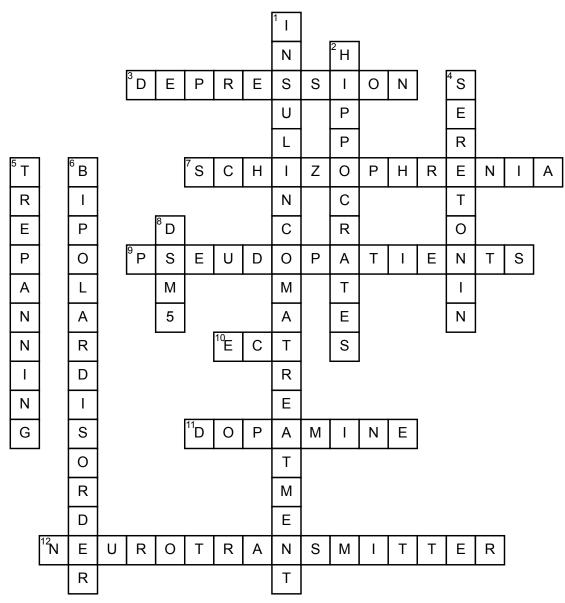
## **Biochemical explanations for mental illness**



## <u>Across</u>

3. A psychological disorder which involves a severe reduction in mood
7. A brain disorder which affects how people think, feel and percieve; with the hallmark symptomn being psychosis
9. Name of the sane patients in Rosenhan's study
10. Type of treatment used in asylums involving running an electrical current through the brain to start a seizure

**11.** Helps control the brains reward centre and regulates movement and emotional responses

**12.** A chemical message that carries signals between neurones and cells in the body **Down** 

 A type of treatment used in asylums involving a large dose of insulin being injected to cause a coma
 Greek philosopher who

came up with the four bodily humours of medicine **4.** Plays an important role in the biochemistry of depression, and in mood, sleep, arousal and appetite

5. One of the oldest surgical procedures used to remove mental illness, dating back almost 7,000 years
6. An affective disorder characterized by a cycling of

mood swings between episodes of mania and hypomania 8. Used to classify different mental disorders to enable mental health professionals to provide a diagnosis