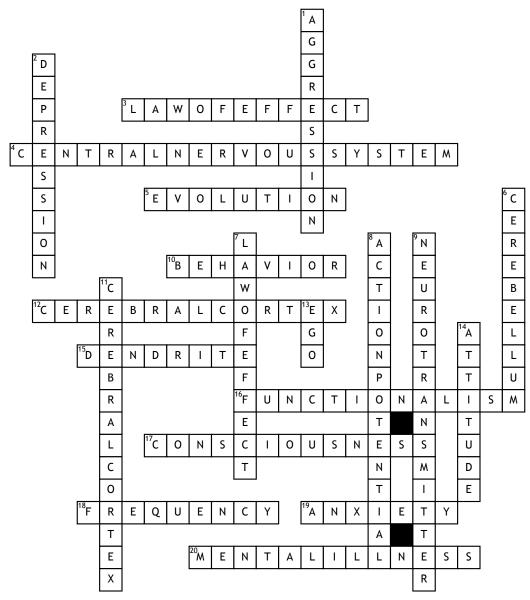
Name:	Date:

Psychology



Across

- **3.** Thorndike's rule that behaviors which have positive outcomes tend to be repeated
- 4. consists of the brain and the spinal cord5. a perspective that stresses the value of
- 5. a perspective that stresses the value of behavior in Darwinian terms
- **10.** a perspective on psychology that sees psychology as an objective science without reference to mental states
- 12. the fabric of interconnecting cells that blankets the brain hemispheres; the brain's center for information processing and control
- **15.** a branch off the cell body of a neuron that receives new information from other neurons
- **16.** William James's school of thought that stressed the adaptive and survival value of behaviors
- **17.** one's awareness of one's environment and oneself

- **18.** a theory of hearing which states that the rate of nerve impulses traveling up the auditory nerve matches the tone's frequency
- **19.** a state of apprehension and psychic tension occurring in some forms of mental disorder
- **20.** a psychological or physiological pattern that occurs in an individual and is usually associated with distress or disability that is not expected as part of normal development or culture.

<u>Down</u>

- 1. overt or suppressed hostility, either innate or resulting from continued frustration and directed outward or against oneself
- **2.** a psychiatric disorder characterized by an inability to concentrate, insomnia, loss of appetite, feelings of extreme sadness, helplessness, etc.

- brain structure that controls well-learned motor activities like riding a bike
- 7. Thorndike's rule that behaviors which have positive outcomes tend to be repeated
- **8.** the electrical process by which information is transmitted the length of an axon
- **9.** a chemical that is released by a neuron for the purpose of carrying information across the gaps (synapses) between neurons
- 11. the fabric of interconnecting cells that blankets the brain hemispheres; the brain's center for information processing and control
- **13.** the Latin for "I"; in Freud's theories, the mediator between the demands of the id and the superego
- **14.** a relatively enduring evaluation of a person or thing; Asch demonstrated that this doesn't always match one's behavior