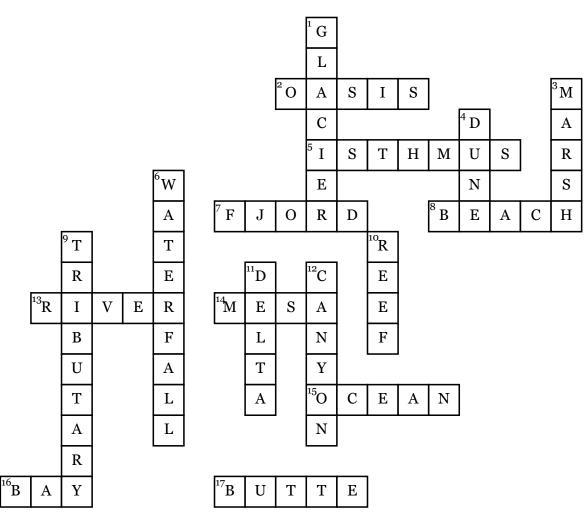
## Physical Geography



## <u>Across</u>

**2.** A small fertile green area in a desert region, usually having a spring or a well

**5.** Narrow strip of land, connecting two larger bodies of land, surrounded on both sides by water

**7.** A long, narrow arm of the sea bordered by steep cliff, usually formed by glacial erosion

**8.** An expanse of sand or pebbles along a shore

**13.** A natural stream of water of fairly large size flowing in a definite course

**14.** Land formation, less extensive than a plateau, having steep walls and a relatively flat top

**15.** Vast body of salt water that covers almost three fourths of the earth's surface

**16.** A body of water forming an indentation of the shore, larger than a cove, smaller than a gulf

**17.** An isolated hill or mountain rising abruptly above the surrounding land

## **Down**

**1.** Extended mass of ice formed from snow falling and accumulating over the years and moving very slowly

**3.** Low wet land, often treeless, growth of grasses and cattails

4. A sand hill or sand ridge

formed by the wind

**6.** a steep flow of water in a water course from a height

**9.** A stream that flows to a larger stream or other body of water

**10.** A ridge of rocks or sand, often of coral debris, at or near the surface of the water

**11.** A nearly flat deposit of branches of the mouth of a river into the sea.

**12.** Deep valley with steep side, often with a stream