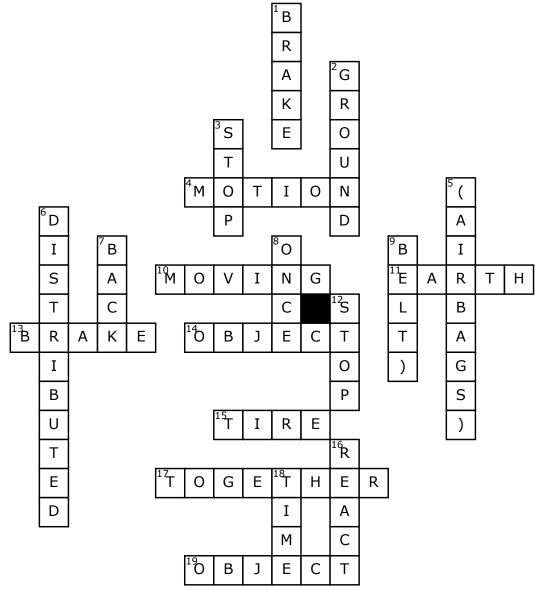
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## Chapter 9 Vocabulary



## **Across**

- **4.** Inertia: The tendency of an object at rest to stay at rest, and an object in motion to stay in
- **10.** Energy of motion: Kinetic energy of an object in motion or the energy an object has because it is
- **11.** Gravity: The force that pulls things to
- **13.** Perception time: The length of time it takes you to identify a hazard, predict a conflict, and decide to
- **14.** Momentum: The tendency of an object to stay in motion, or the inertia of an
- **15.** Tread: The grooved surface of a

- **17.** Friction: The force that acts between materials as they move
- **19.** Force of impact: The force with which a moving object hits another

## Down

- **1.** Reaction time: The length of time it takes you to apply your
- **2.** Vehicle balance: The distribution of a vehicle's weight on it's tires as they contact the
- **3.** Braking distance: The distance you travel from the time you apply your brake until you
- **5.** Passive restraint device: A device that works automatically
- **6.** Center of gravity: The point around which an object's weight is evenly

- **7.** Pitch: A tilting motion from front to
- **8.** Blowout: A sudden loss of air pressure while driving, as when a tire is punctured and loses all of it's air at
- **9.** Active restraint device: A device you must engage ( safety
- **12.** Total stopping distance: The distance your car travels from the time you first perceive a hazard until you reach a full
- **16.** Reaction distance: The distance your vehicle travels while you
- **18.** Perception distance: The distance your vehicle travels during your perception