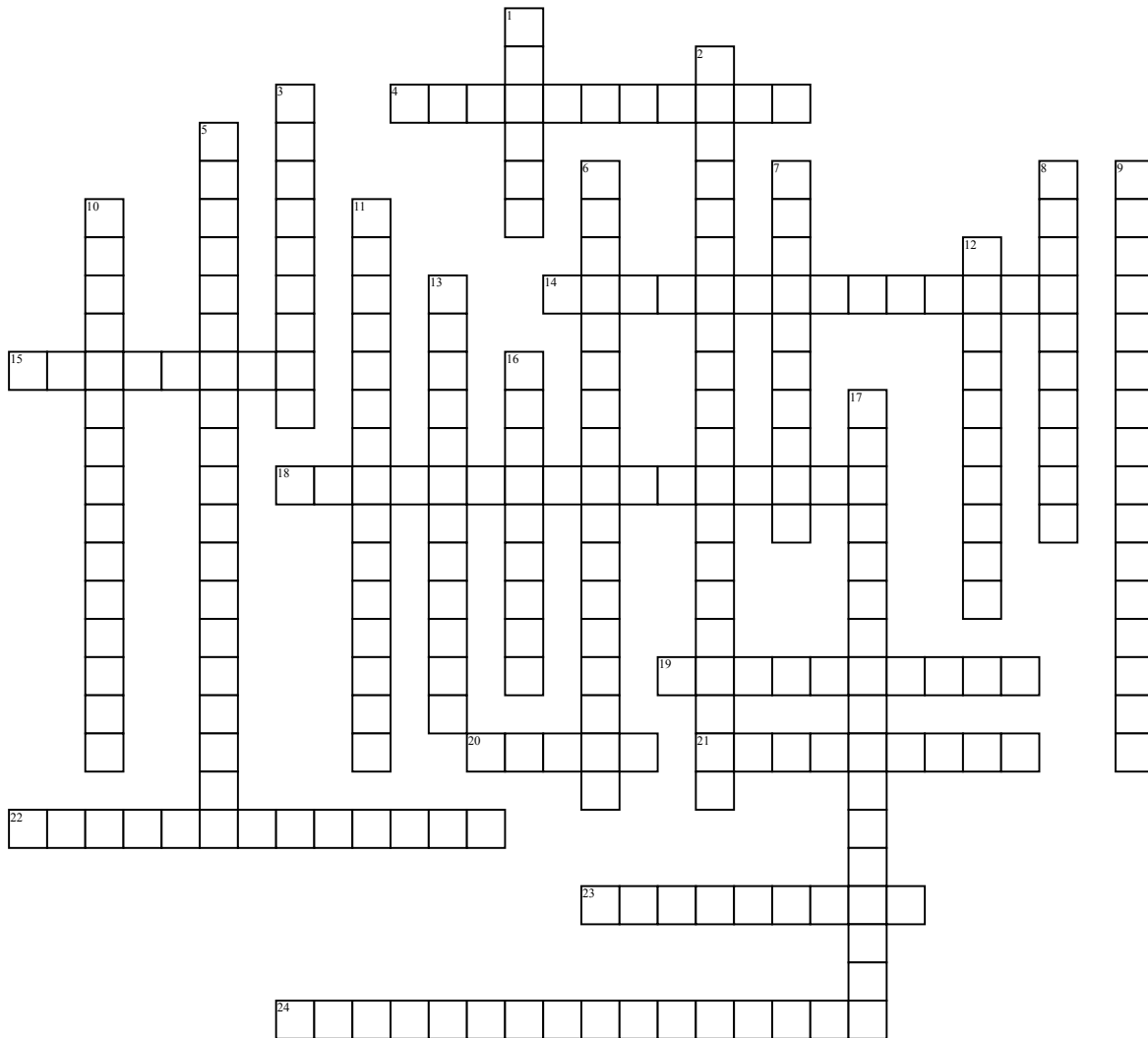


Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_

# World war 2



## Across

4. the exchange of information and ideas created by ideological, political, and military hostility of one country toward another, especially such a barrier between the Soviet Union and its allies and other countries.

14. an agreement between Germany, Italy and Japan signed in Berlin

15. the deliberate and systematic extermination of a national, racial, political, or cultural group.

18. organized in 1942, to explore the isolation of radioactive isotopes and the production of an atomic bomb

19. a concentration camp in which the inmates are unlikely to survive or to which they have been sent to be executed.

20. May 8, 1945, the day of victory in Europe for the Allies in World War II.

21. established by the Communist parties of nine European countries for mutual advice and coordinated activity.

22. Nazis coordinated an attack on Jewish people and their property in Germany, Austria, and the Sudetenland.

23. Japanese aircraft loaded with explosives and making a deliberate suicidal crash on an enemy target.

24. meeting between U.S. President Franklin Delano Roosevelt, British Prime Minister Winston Churchill, and Soviet Premier Joseph Stalin in Tehran, Iran, between November 28 and December 1, 1943.

## Down

1. used as a Japanese patriotic cry or joyous shout.)

2.

2. Settle the future strategy of the Allies following the success of the North American campaign

3. a new or revised system of operation, form of government, plan of attack, or the like

5. the codename for Hitler's invasion of Russia

6. uture President Dwight D. Eisenhower, then supreme commander of Allied Expeditionary Forces in World War II gives the go-ahead for a massive invasion of Europe

7. an intense military campaign intended to bring about a swift victory.

8. merican troops on Bataan were forced to make an arduous 65-mile march to prison camps.

9. nation was first used to describe certain nations in the Cold War.

10. resulting from a conference at sea, setting forth the peace aims of their governments for the period

11. The Yalta Conference was a meeting of British prime minister Winston Churchill, Soviet premier Joseph Stalin, and President Franklin D. Roosevelt early in February 1945 as World War II was winding down

12. A treaty made by Germany and the Soviet Union in 1939 that opened the way for both nations to invade Poland.

13. European recovery program

16. Air Force

17. meeting between Stalin, Churchill, and Truman to discuss post-WWII